# Clinical Social Work

Staff Handbook Revised May 2023 **Employee Handbook** 

# MISSION

The mission of the Institute for Clinical Social Work, an institution of higher education, it to prepare scholars and practitioners to advance the knowledge and quality of practice in the fields of clinical social work and counseling and to serve diverse communities through professional and academic contributions.

# VISION

As a highly-respected institute, to become well-known for diverse and accessible psychodynamic educational programming.

# VALUES

In keeping with our roots in social work and our commitment to social justice, we develop psychodynamically informed professionals who recognize and celebrate diversity, practice compassionately, and have the knowledge and skills to empower people to lead meaningful lives.

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www.icsw.edu

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# **INTRODUCTION**

This handbook represents an overview of some of the most important policies, benefits, and procedures of ICSW. If you have any questions concerning information in this handbook, please direct them to your supervisor or the Vice President for Finance and Operations (VPFO).

All employees must read the Handbook in its entirety, execute, and return the Employee Handbook Acknowledgement Form at the end of the Handbook to the Vice President of Finance and Operations no later than the end of the fifth business day following the employee's start date.

Personnel policies, procedures, and benefits set forth in this Handbook supersede any personnel policies, procedures, and benefits previously in effect and are subject to modification and further development. ICSW, in its sole discretion, may amend, modify, suspend, or terminate any policy, procedure, benefit or description contained in this Handbook at any time without prior notice. ICSW intends, but is not required to make such revisions in writing and provide them to its employees within a reasonable time prior to their implementation. This Handbook is not intended to be all inclusive. ICSW has sole discretion to interpret and apply the policies contained in this Handbook and make all determinations of fact with respect to the application of these policies.

# **EMPLOYMENT TERMS**

#### Employment Terms

Each employee is contracted to work from July 1 to June 30 each year. Each employee's supervisor is provided the option to either continue or end this relationship annually. In the unfortunate event that a supervisor deems to not renew an employee's term, the supervisor will provide the employee with a letter of non-renewal on May 31 of each year. This will inform the employee that their last day of employment with ICSW will be June 30 of the current year. If a non-renewal letter is not provided to the employee, the contract automatically renews for another year. ICSW request that staff also utilize this opportunity to indicate nonrenewal on or before May 31.

#### Termination of Employment

While either the employer or employee can end employment at any time, ICSW requests employees to provide a notice period as follows:

Staff - at least 2 weeks of notice (preferably 3 weeks, if possible)

Associate Director and above – at least 3 weeks of notice (preferably 4 weeks, if possible)

# AN EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYER

At ICSW, we believe in equal opportunity for all, regardless of race, religion, ancestry, color, sex (including pregnancy, childbirth, and related medical conditions), age, physical or mental disability or medical condition, national origin, marital status, sexual orientation, gender identity, covered-veteran status and/or any other factor protected by law. It is our policy to hire and promote the most qualified applicants and to comply with all federal, state, and local equal employment opportunity laws.

This Equal Employment Opportunity Policy is an integral part of our generally applicable personnel practices and procedures and applies to all terms and conditions of employment including, but not limited to, hiring, promotion, compensation, termination, leaves of absence, training and the development and advancement of employees. Any employee of ICSW who violates this policy may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination.

If you believe that you have, or some other employee has, been discriminated against, denied equal employment opportunity or subjected to harassment, you should promptly notify the VPFO. When such a report is made, ICSW will engage in an investigation and, if appropriate, remedial action will be taken. An individual who utilizes this procedure in good faith, or who is involved in an investigation pursuant to this policy, will not be subject to reprisal or retaliation. Retaliation is a serious violation of this policy and should be reported immediately.

# Sexual Misconduct Policy and Complaint Resolution Procedures

#### I. POLICY STATEMENT

Sexual misconduct, including sexual discrimination, harassment, non-consensual sexual intercourse and/or contact, exploitation, and interpersonal violence such as stalking, dating violence and/or domestic violence, will not be tolerated at the Institute for Clinical Social Work (ICSW). The Institute cares deeply about the health, safety, and well-being of all members of its community and is committed to fostering a community that promotes prompt reporting of all types of sexual misconduct, the timely and equitable resolution of sexual misconduct complaints, and educational and prevention programming.

This Policy applies to all members of the ICSW community, including students, faculty, staff, administrators, board members, contractors, vendors, and visitors. The Policy applies to on-campus and off campus conduct, including online or electronic conduct, when the off-campus conduct: (i) occurs during an ICSW-sponsored employment or educational activity or program; (ii) adversely impacts the education or employment of a member of the ICSW community; or (iii) otherwise threatens the health and/or safety of a member of the ICSW community.

Students and employees continue to be subject to city, state, and federal laws while at ICSW, and violations of those laws may also constitute violations of this Policy. In such instances, ICSW may proceed with an investigation under this Policy independently of any criminal proceeding involving the same conduct and may impose sanctions for violation of this Policy even if such criminal proceeding is not yet resolved.

For students and ICSW employees, this Policy applies to conduct that takes place from the time a person applies for enrollment as a student or applies for employment and continues until the student graduates or otherwise separates from ICSW or the employee ceases employment.

This policy was reviewed and amended based upon the new regulations issued by the Department of Education on May 6, 2020 with an effective date of August 14, 2020. An overview of these changes include:

#### Key procedure requirements mandated by the revised Title IX Regulations include:

- Prescribed definitions of sexual harassment, sexual assault, domestic and dating violence, and stalking that are prohibited under Title IX
- The sexual harassment definition is narrower than previous definitions of sexual harassment
- Applies to all complaints of Title IX prohibited conduct for all faculty, staff, and students
- Supportive measures available to complainants regardless of whether a matter is investigated
- A signed complaint from the complainant (the person who is reported to have experienced harm) or the Title IX Coordinator as a predicate to an investigation
- A dismissal of a matter if the reported conduct falls outside of Title IX's jurisdiction
  - Because the reported conduct does not fall within the defined conduct covered by Title IX;
  - o Because the reported conduct happened outside of the United States;

- $\circ$   $\;$  Because the reported conduct did not occur within a ICSW program or activity; or
- Because the complainant is not participating or seeking to participate in a ICSW program or activity at the time of the filing of the complaint
- A preponderance of the evidence standard. Preponderance of the evidence means that the alleged conduct more likely than not occurred.
- A presumption of innocence for the respondent (the accused)
- An investigation with the opportunity for parties (the complainant and respondent) to make a statement, provide witnesses, and present evidence
- Parties may be accompanied by an advisor of their choice to any meeting or proceeding
- In a matter involving a student bringing a complaint against a faculty or employee, ICSW may not resolve the matter by agreement
- A hearing by an adjudicator
- At a hearing the parties have the following rights:
  - o to be provided an advisor
  - to object to evidence at the hearing
  - $\circ$   $\;$  to have their advisor cross-examine the other party and witnesses
- Following a hearing, the parties have the following rights:
  - $\circ$   $\;$  to receive a written outcome including the basis for the decision
  - o if there is a finding of responsibility, to receive written sanctions and remedies
  - o to appeal the decision of the adjudicator
- Designated time frames for certain aspects of the procedure, including
  - 10 days for parties to comment on evidence
  - $\circ$   $\,$  10 days for parties to review the investigation report
- ICSW can neither compel a party to participate in the Title IX Procedure nor retaliate against a party for not participating.
- ICSW cannot violate a party's first amendment rights

#### Additional Aspects of the revised Title IX Procedure include:

To best effectuate the regulations and to ensure a fair process for ICSW parties, ICSW has crafted a Title IX Procedure with the following elements:

- Parties are provided these options:
  - To be advised by the Title IX coordinator on all aspects of the procedure
  - At the hearing stage, at ICSW's expense, to select an advisor trained in ICSW's procedure, to assist preparing for and during a hearing, and to conduct crossexamination
    - For student parties, at ICSW's expense, two hours of consultation with an advisor? from the panel; the consultation is available any time after a complaint has been filed
  - At any stage of the procedure, to work with an advisor, who can be an attorney, at a party's own expense

- Except in matters in which a student is making a complaint against a faculty or staff member (see above), the matter can be resolved by agreement of the complainant, respondent, and Title IX Coordinator.
- The hearing adjudicator will be a member of ICSW's administrative staff. The adjudicator will:
  - Make evidentiary determinations
  - Make findings of responsibilities
  - Following a finding of responsibility, issue sanctions and remedies
- The decision-maker for appeal will be a high ranking member of ICSW's administrative team.
- Parties will be provided an option to waive cross-examination by their advisors and instead submit written questions to the adjudicator who will conduct the examination.

#### II. NOTICE OF NON-DISCRIMINATION

ICSW does not discriminate on the basis of sex in its educational programs or services or in the context of employment or admissions. Sexual misconduct, including sexual harassment as defined in this policy, is a form of sex discrimination that unjustly deprives a person of equal treatment. It is prohibited by Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, a federal law that provides that:

No person in the United States shall, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any education program or activity receiving Federal financial assistance.

This Policy prohibits sexual misconduct against all ICSW community members of any gender or sexual orientation or gender expression. This policy also prohibits harassment based on gender or sexual orientation that does not involve conduct of a sexual nature. ICSW's non-discrimination policy can be accessed at (link).

Further information about Title IX and sex discrimination in education is available from the Office for Civil Rights (U.S. Department of Education, John C. Kluczynski Federal Building

230 S. Dearborn Street, 37th Floor Chicago, IL 60604, 312-730-1560, <u>OCRChicago@ed.gov</u>, ed.gov.ocr), or ICSW's Title IX Coordinator as set forth directly below.

#### III. ROLE OF TITLE IX COORDINATOR

To manage ICSW's compliance with Title IX, ICSW has a designated Title IX Coordinator, Michael Bauman (Vice President, Finance and Operations), trained in the ICSW's policies and procedures, state and federal law and other issues related to addressing sexual misconduct. Specifically, the Title IX Coordinator may do some or all of the following:

- Oversees the Title IX program at ICSW
- Advises any individual, including a claimant, a respondent, or a third party, about the courses of action available at ICSW and in the community for resolving cases of sexual misconduct;

- Conducts and/or reviews on-going climate checks, tracking, and monitoring of sexual misconduct allegations on campus;
- Oversees training, education, and prevention efforts; and
- Provides and participates in on-going training designed to assist in implementing these policies and procedures.

The Title IX Coordinator, Michael Bauman, can be reached at 1345 W Argyle Street, Chicago, IL 60640 at (773) 943-6503 or <u>titleixcoordinator@icsw.edu</u>

#### IV. PROHIBITED CONDUCT

ICSW prohibits sexual misconduct. Sexual misconduct is a broad term that, as previously indicated, encompasses sexual harassment, non-consensual sexual intercourse or contact, sexual exploitation, domestic and dating violence, and stalking.

Sexual misconduct can occur between strangers or acquaintances, including people involved in an intimate or sexual relationship. Sexual misconduct can be committed by a person of any gender identity, and can occur between people of the same or different gender identities. Sexual misconduct is a form of sex discrimination prohibited by federal and state discrimination laws. In addition, some forms of sexual misconduct violate the criminal laws of the State of Illinois. The following offenses are considered "sexual misconduct" and prohibited by ICSW.

#### V. AVAILABLE RESOURCES

There are various reporting options and resources available to the ICSW community. ICSW encourages those who have experienced sexual misconduct to talk to one or more of the individuals or agencies identified below.

- A. Confidential Resources: The following resources are available to discuss incidents of sexual misconduct in confidence, and generally they only report to ICSW that an incident occurred without revealing any personally identifying information. Disclosures to these entities <u>will not</u> trigger an ICSW investigation into an incident. Faculty, staff and students wishing to obtain confidential assistance without making a report to ICSW may do so by speaking with one of the following confidential sources:
  - Resilience (773-907-1062)

The following off-campus organizations also provide confidential assistance and additional resources:

- The Chicago Rape Crisis Hotline: 888-293-2080
- National Sexual Assault Telephone Hotline: 800-656-HOPE (4673)

All the above resources employ professionals specifically trained to work with individuals who report sexual misconduct and have knowledge about on-and off-campus resources, services, and options. Please note that limitations of confidentiality may exist for individuals under the age of 18.

# VI. EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMMING

ICSW is committed to offering educational programs to promote awareness of sexual, gender and sexual orientation discrimination, including sexual harassment, non-consensual sexual contact and intercourse, domestic and dating violence, sexual exploitation, stalking and retaliation. Educational programs will include an overview of ICSW's policies and procedures; relevant definitions including prohibited conduct; discussion of the impact of alcohol and illegal drug use; consent; safe and positive options for bystander intervention; review of resources and reporting options available for students, faculty and staff; and information about risk reduction.

Incoming students and new employees will receive primary prevention and awareness programming as part of their orientation. Returning students and employees will also have ongoing opportunities for training and education.

#### **VII. ACADEMIC FREEDOM**

ICSW is committed to the principles of academic freedom. Rigorous discussion and debate are fundamental to ICSW's educational mission, and this policy is not intended to determine or restrict teaching methods, course content, or the processes of intellectual inquiry and debate. The fact that speech or a particular expression is offensive is not necessarily a basis to establish a violation of this policy.

# **TITLE IX GREIVANCE PROCEDURE**

Effective August 1, 2022.

#### I. Steps in the Title IX Process:

- A. Contact Title IX Coordinator to report sexual misconduct
- B. Complainant, if necessitated, will file a formal written complaint
- C. Complaint will be reviewed by Title IX Coordinator
- D. Complaint will be submitted to a Title IX Investigator
- E. Title IX Investigator will submit all information to all parties and to the adjudicator
- F. A hearing may be scheduled
- G. Adjudicator will render a decision
- H. Either party can appeal the decision

\*Informal resolution may be used at any time, after a formal complaint is filed

# **II.** INTRODUCTION

ICSW is committed to fostering a campus environment that is free from unlawful discrimination on the basis of sex, including sexual harassment and sexual assault. In support of that commitment, ICSW takes steps to increase awareness of such sexual harassment and sexual assault, eliminate its occurrence on campus and in ICSW programs and activities, encourage reporting, provide support for survivors, promptly respond to all reports of sexual harassment and sexual assault, deal fairly with accused Respondents,<sup>1</sup> and take appropriate action against those found responsible.

This Title IX Procedure is intended to ensure a safe and non-discriminatory educational and work environment and describe the process by which ICSW meets its obligations under Title IX and its implementing regulations.

# III. SCOPE, APPLICABILITY, AND JURISDICTION

All students, faculty, staff, affiliates and others participating in ICSW programs and activities in the United States are subject to this Title IX Procedure. The Title IX regulations define "sexual harassment" to include three types of misconduct on the basis of sex which jeopardize the equal access to education that Title IX is designed to protect. These types of misconduct include: any instance of quid pro quo harassment by a ICSW employee; any conduct on the basis of sex that in the view of a reasonable person is so severe and pervasive and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to a ICSW education program or activity; and any instance of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, or stalking. An ICSW Program or Activity includes locations, events, or circumstances over which ICSW exercises substantial control over both the respondent and the context in which the Title IX Prohibited Conduct occurs, and also includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the ICSW. Both study-abroad programs and off-campus locations that are not within an ICSW Program or Activity are not covered by the Title IX regulations.

Given the federal mandates of Title IX and its implementing regulations, the rights and obligations provided in this Title IX Procedure necessarily supersede any conflicting rights or obligations provided in the student, faculty or staff handbooks and may be addressed through other ICSW processes.

# IV. REPORTING TITLE IX PROHIBITED CONDUCT

# A. What to Report

The types of sexual harassment covered by this Title IX Procedure (collectively "Title IX Prohibited Conduct") includes conduct on the basis of sex that satisfies one or more of the prohibited items described above. Note that sexual misconduct or other discrimination on the basis of sex that does not fall within these specific definitions may still violate ICSW's policy and should be reported to the Title IX Office.

# **B.** Where to Report

#### 1. Title IX Coordinator

The Title IX Coordinator is the individual designated by ICSW to coordinate its efforts to comply with Title IX responsibilities. All reports of Title IX Prohibited Sexual should be reported to the **Michael Bauman, Title IX Coordinator,** 1345 W Argyle Street, Chicago, IL 60645, (773)943-6503 or titleixcoordinator@icsw.edu

Any person may report Title IX Prohibited Conduct (whether or not the individual reporting is the person alleged to have experienced the conduct), in person, by mail, by telephone, or by email, using the contact information listed below. Such a report may be made at any time, including during non-business hours, by using the telephone number or email address, or by mail to the office address, listed for the Title IX Coordinator.

#### 2. Other Senior ICSW Officials

Notice of allegations of Title IX Prohibited Conduct to the Title IX Coordinator or an official with authority to institute corrective measures on ICSW's behalf, triggers the ICSW's response obligations under Title IX. At ICSW, such officials include the President and Academic Dean.

#### 3. Reports to Law Enforcement

If you are in immediate danger, or if you believe there could be an ongoing threat to you or the community, please call 911.

For conduct that could also constitute a crime under Illinois law, a Complainant is encouraged but not required—to contact the police by dialing 911 or the local police agency in the jurisdiction in which the alleged incident occurred. Illinois law also provides that individuals who experience sexual violence are encouraged to preserve evidence and to note the identity and location of Witnesses. Contacting law enforcement to make a report allows for forensic evidence to be collected, including a SART exam if needed, which may be helpful if a decision is made to pursue criminal charges.

# C. When to Report and Confidential Resources

There is no specific time frame for individuals who have experienced conduct that may constitute Title IX Prohibited Conduct to make an Initial Report pursuant to this Title IX Procedure. Individuals are, however, encouraged to make a report soon after the incident in question in order to maximize ICSW's ability to investigate and reach a finding. At any time (whether or not an individual decides to make a report of Title IX Prohibited Conduct to the Title IX Coordinator, or other Senior ICSW Official), an individual may contact ICSW Confidential Resources that can provide emotional support and counseling.

ICSW makes available Confidential Resources for consultation regarding reports of Title IX Prohibited Conduct or other offenses, and those individuals are not required to report to or share any information with the ICSW. Consultation with Confidential Resources does not constitute notice to the ICSW. However, as described below, certain Confidential Resources may be required by law to report law to law enforcement. In addition, ICSW cannot guarantee that conversations with a Title IX Coordinator or the academic dean might not be subject to disclosure in legal proceedings or pursuant to other legal process. Communications with attorneys and medical doctors, on the other hand, may be privileged under law.

Unless the alleged victim is a minor or there is a belief that there is an imminent threat of harm to self or others, reporting Title IX Prohibited Conduct to one of these resources will not lead to an ICSW investigation or police investigation.

Except in the event the person who is the subject of the potential criminal act is a minor, the name of this individual should not be released without the individual's consent.

# **D.** How to Report

Complainants who experience any type of sexual harassment or violence are encouraged to seek help as identified above. Any person may report Title IX Prohibited Conduct, whether or not the individual reporting is the person alleged to have experienced the conduct. To make an Initial Report of Title IX Prohibited Conduct, the Title IX Office will require disclosure of the following information, if known:

- Name of Complainant
- Complainant's role, if any, within ICSW (student, faculty, staff, alumni, other, such as vendors)
- Name of Respondent
- Respondent's role within ICSW (student, faculty, staff, alumni, other, such as vendors)
- Date of the incident
- Location of the incident (be specific: not "classroom" but "classroom 254 at St. Augustine")
- Time of the incident
- Nature of the conduct (provide specific allegations: e.g., "Complainant felt Respondent touching their genital area without permission")
- Date of previous report (if any)
- To whom any previous report was made (if any)

# V. PROCEDURE: INITIAL RESPONSE, FORMAL COMPLAINT, INVESTIGATION, INFORMAL RESOLUTION, HEARING, AND APPEAL

A. Receipt of an Initial Report of Title IX Prohibited Conduct

#### 1. Offer of Supportive Measures

Upon receipt of notice of an Initial Report of Title IX Prohibited Conduct (which may come from any individual), the Title IX Coordinator will promptly contact the Complainant and inform the Complainant:

- of the availability of Supportive Measures, including that the Supportive Measures are available with or without filing a Formal Complaint;
- of the availability of confidential counseling resources both on and off campus;
- how to file a Formal Complaint;
- that, if the reported conduct could be a crime, the Complainant has the right but not the obligation to file a police report, and that if there is a police investigation, the Title IX Coordinator will coordinate with law enforcement; and of the importance of preserving evidence and identification and location of Witnesses.

If on the face of the Initial Report, the Title IX Coordinator determines that the conduct alleged does not fall within the scope of Title IX, the Title IX Coordinator may also inform the Complainant that the matter may be referred to another ICSW process. Even if the matter is referred, the Complainant will still receive an offer of Supportive Measures.

Supportive Measures will be different for every matter and will be based on individualized review. ICSW offers confidential counseling to community members, through the Confidential Support Team for students, and through the Faculty/Staff HELP Center for others. Other Supportive Measures may include extensions of deadlines or other course- related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the Parties, changes in work or housing locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures. ICSW will maintain as confidential any Supportive Measures provided to the Complainant or Respondent, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of ICSW to provide the Supportive Measures.

The Title IX Coordinator responsible for coordinating the effective implementation of Supportive Measures. The Title IX Coordinator will consider the Complainant's wishes with respect to Supportive Measures.

# 2. Privacy and Confidentiality

Notice to the Title IX Coordinator or other Senior ICSW Official of conduct that could constitute Title IX Prohibited Conduct triggers ICSW's obligations under this Title IX Procedure. If the Title IX Coordinator or other Senior ICSW Official becomes aware that Title IX Prohibited Conduct is alleged to have occurred, ICSW has an obligation to review the available information and determine whether to proceed to an Investigation.

In this context, Privacy and Confidentiality have distinct meanings.

- **Privacy** means that information related to a complaint will be shared with only a limited number of ICSW employees who "need to know" in order to assist in the assessment, Investigation, and resolution of the report. All employees who are responsible for ICSW's response to Title IX Prohibited Conduct receive specific training and guidance about sharing and safeguarding private information in accordance with state and federal law. The privacy of student education records will be protected in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act ("FERPA"), and the privacy of employee records will be protected in accordance with Illinoislaw and ICSW policy.
- **Confidentiality** exists in the context of laws that protect certain relationships, including those who provide services related to medical and clinical care, mental health providers, counselors, and ordained clergy. The law creates a privilege between certain health care providers, mental health care providers, attorneys, clergy, spouses, and others, with their patients, clients, parishioners, and spouses. ICSW has designated individuals who have the ability to have privileged communications as Confidential Resources.

ICSW will make reasonable and appropriate efforts to preserve an individual's privacy and to protect the Confidentiality of information. However, because of laws relating to reporting and other state and federal laws, ICSW cannot guarantee Confidentiality relating to incidents of Title IX Prohibited Conduct except where those reports are privileged communications to Confidential Resources. Even then, there are exceptions to maintaining Confidentiality set by law; for example, physicians and nurses who treat any physical injury sustained during a sexual assault are required to report it to law enforcement. Also, physicians, nurses, psychologists, psychiatrists, teachers and social workers must report a sexual assault committed against a person under age 18.

Except for Confidential Resources, information shared with other individuals is not legally protected from being disclosed. However, ICSW takes requests for Privacy and Confidentiality seriously, to the extent it can do so while at the same time fulfilling its responsibility to provide a safe and nondiscriminatory environment for all students and the ICSW community. ICSW in such circumstances will make sure the Complainant is aware he/she/they are protected from Retaliation.

Should a Complainant make a request that ICSW not disclose the Complainant's identity to the Respondent, the Title IX Coordinator will inform the Complainant that ICSW's ability to respond to the allegations and investigate may therefore be limited if the request is granted. A Complainant who initially requests Confidentiality is not prohibited from later requesting that ICSW conduct a full Investigation.

Whether or not the Complainant requests confidentiality, ICSW will keep private the identity of all Complainants, Respondents, and Witnesses, except as necessary to carry out this procedure or as may be required by FERPA or other law.

#### 3. Emergency Removal/Administrative Leave

a. Individualized Safety and Risk Analysis.

Based on an Initial Report or Formal Complaint of Title IX Prohibited Conduct, the Title IX Coordinator, in consultation with the Threat Assessment Team or others as appropriate, may undertake an individualized safety and risk analysis to determine whether the allegations indicate the Respondent poses an immediate threat to the physical health or safety of any student or other individual arising from the allegations of Title IX Prohibited Conduct. If ICSW determines removal is appropriate, the Respondent will be provided with notice and an opportunity to challenge the decision immediately following the removal.

#### b. Administrative Leave of a Non-Student Respondent.

ICSW may place a non-student Respondent on administrative leave after notice of a report of Title IX Prohibited Conduct and during the pendency of resolution of the matter.

#### **B.** Filing a Formal Complaint

After the Initial Report, the Title IX Procedure will not move forward until a Formal Complaint is filed. A Formal Complaint can be filed in one of two ways:

- **1. Complainant submits Formal Complaint.** A Complainant may complete and sign a Formal Complaint alleging Title IX Prohibited Conduct against a Respondent and requesting that ICSW Investigate the allegation of Title IX Prohibited Conduct.
  - **a.** At the time of filing a Formal Complaint, a Complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in one of ICSW's Programs or Activities.
- 2. Title IX Coordinator submits Formal Complaint. The Title IX Coordinator may complete and sign a Formal Complaint.
  - a. A Complainant may request that ICSW not proceed with an Investigation or further resolution under this Procedure. A Complainant's wishes with respect to whether ICSW Investigates will be respected unless the Title IX Coordinator determines that signing a Formal Complaint over the wishes of the Complainant is not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances.
    - The Title IX Coordinator will inform the Complainant that due to various federal and state laws and/or in order to protect the safety of the campus community some circumstances require ICSW to

move forward with an Investigation, even if the Complainant requests otherwise. ICSW's decision is subject to a balancing test that requires ICSW to consider a range of factors, including:

- The status of the Respondent and whether the Respondent has authority over students and/or staff.
- Whether there have been multiple reports of Title IX Prohibited Conduct (or other violations of Student, faculty and staff handbooks) relating to a single Respondent;
- The seriousness of the alleged Title IX Prohibited Conduct (e.g., whether the alleged conduct involved a weapon, physical restraints or battery);
- Whether there is a likelihood that the Respondent would be a danger to the Complainant or the ICSW community;
- The age of the Complainant;
- Whether the report of Title IX Prohibited Conduct can be effectively addressed through another type of intervention; and
- The ability of ICSW to obtain relevant evidence.

# C.Receipt of a Formal Complaint of Title IX Prohibited Conduct

- 1. Notice of Formal Complaint. Upon receipt of a Formal Complaint, ICSW will provide a Notice of Formal Complaint to the Parties for whom ICSW knows their identity, including the following details:
  - **a.** A description of ICSW's Title IX Procedure, including any **informal** resolution process.
  - **b.** A description of the allegations including sufficient details known at the time such as:
    - the identities of the Parties involved in the incident;
    - the conduct allegedly constituting Title IX Prohibited Conduct; and
    - the date and location of the alleged incident.
  - **c.** A statement that the Respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of a Hearing.
  - **d.** A statement that the Parties may have an advisor of their choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, and may inspect and review evidence as

described herein.

The Notice of Formal Complaint will be provided with sufficient time to respond and prepare for any investigative interviews.

Once a Notice of Formal Complaint is issued, a Respondent student's ability to receive a degree is placed on hold.

After receiving Notice of Formal Complaint, both the Complainant and the Respondent will be asked to identify any academic, employment, or other significant conflicts that would affect the timing of the Investigation and potential Hearing. The Adjudicator will consider this input in finalizing any Hearing Schedule.

2. Ongoing Notice Requirement. If, in the course of an Investigation, ICSW decides to investigate allegations about the Complainant or Respondent that are not included in the initial Notice of Formal Complaint provided, ICSW will provide notice of the additional allegations to the Parties whose identities are known.

# D. Rights and Responsibilities of Parties and Witnesses

During an Investigation and Hearing under this Title IX Procedure, the Parties and Witnesses have the following responsibilities and rights.

#### **1.** Responsibilities of the Parties and Witnesses

- a. The responsibility to be truthful, to cooperate with the process, and to follow the directions of ICSW staff and agents responsible for administering this process;
- b. The responsibility not to Retaliate against or Intimidate (see Section V.A.) any individual who has reported Title IX Prohibited Conduct or who has participated as a Party or Witness in the process; and
- c. The responsibility to keep private (by not disseminating beyond Advisors) documents, materials, and information received from ICSW during this process; and,
- **d.** The responsibility to destroy, when so directed by ICSW, evidentiary materials and/or writings submitted by the other Party as party of the process.

#### 2. Right of all Parties and Witnesses

a. The right to be protected from Retaliation and Intimidation (see

Section V.A., below) where one has reported Title IX Prohibited Conduct or participated as a Party or Witness in the process;

- **b.** The right to exercise First Amendment rights and not be subject o investigation for Retaliation for the exercise of such rights;
- c. The right to receive information regarding consequences for knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information during the Title IX Procedure under the corresponding handbook associated with the party.

#### 3. Rights of Student Parties and Student Witnesses

- a. The right not to be disciplined for drug and alcohol violations (relating to voluntary ingestion) or similar Fundamental Standard offenses in connection with the reported incident that do not place the health or safety of any other person at risk;
- For student Parties, the right to two hours of consultation time with an ICSW-Identified Attorney, at no cost to the student Party, at any time after a Notice of Formal Complaint is issued (as described in Section IV.G.1.b.).

#### 4. Rights of all Parties

- **a.** The right to be treated equitably and receive the same equitable access to Supportive Measures;
- **b.** The right to have each phase of the Title IX Procedure completed within a reasonably prompt timeframe (as set forth in Appendix C);
- **c.** The right to a Process Support Person to support and/oradvise the Party (as described in Section IV.H.1.a.);
- **d.** The right to receive a Notice of Formal Complaint that provides sufficient detail about the allegations and the applicable ICSW policies for the Respondent to be able to respond and for both Parties to understand the scope of the Investigation;
- e. The right to decline to give a statement about the allegations or attend a Hearing;
- f. The right to participate in the Investigation, including by identifying fact Witnesses and Expert Witnesses and identifying and/or providing inculpatory, exculpatory and other relevant information and evidence to the Investigator;
- **g.** The right to receive any Notice of Dismissal (as described in Section IV.I.1.d.);

- h. The right to appeal any Notice of Dismissal (as described in Section IV.I.1.e.);
- i. The right to review all evidence directly related to the allegations, in electronic format or hard copy, with at least 10 days for the Parties to inspect, review, and respond to the evidence.
- j. The right to receive an Investigative Report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence, in electronic format or hard copy, with at least 10 days for the Parties to respond;
- k. The right to have the matter heard at a live Hearing by a neutral Adjudicator who will determine the matter using a Preponderance of the Evidence standard and who will not prejudge the outcome of a case;
- I. The right to a Hearing Support Person (as described in Section IV.H.1.d.) who will conduct oral cross-examination at the live Hearing on behalf of the Party;
- m. The right to jointly agree with the other Party to waive crossexamination through the Hearing Advisors and instead submit written cross-examination questions to the Adjudicator to conduct the examination. Parties will not be pressured to make this election or be penalized in any way for electing to conduct cross-examination through their advisor;
- n. The right to receive a Written Determination Regarding Responsibility (if any) (as described in Section IV.K.6.);
- The right to appeal the Written Determination Regarding Responsibility to a neutral Appeal Officer (as described in Section IV.K.7.); and
- **p.** The right to receive a Notice of Outcome of Appeal.

#### 5. Rights of the Respondent

- a. The right not to have any disciplinary Sanctions imposed before a finding of responsibility in accordance with this Title IX Procedure; and
- The right to be presumed not responsible for the alleged Title IX
  Prohibited Conduct until a determination regarding responsibility is made at the conclusion of the Hearing.

# E. Initial Assessment of Formal Complaint

The Title IX Coordinator shall make an initial assessment as to whether the Formal Complaint on its face alleges an act of Title IX Prohibited Conduct is covered by this Title IX Procedure. If it does not, ICSW will dismiss the matter as described below.

#### 1. Dismissal of Formal Complaints Prior to Investigation or Resolution

- a. Dismissal Prior to Investigation. If the assessment above determines that the conduct alleged in the Formal Complaint would not constitute Title IX Prohibited Conduct even if true, did not occur against a person in the United States, or there is not enough information to carry out the Title IX Procedure (for example, the identities of the people involved are unknown), then ICSW shall dismiss the Formal Complaint for purposes of this Title IX Procedure. If the Formal Complaint alleges multiple claims that arise out of the same facts and circumstances, and the Title IX Coordinator determines that some conduct is covered under Title IX and some is not, all claims may proceed together to be resolved under this Title IX Procedure. If, however, some claims do not arise out of the same facts and circumstances, are not covered by Title IX, and could violate other ICSW policy, that conduct will be dismissed and referred to another ICSW process, and the Title IX Procedure will proceed with respect to the covered conduct only. Any conduct dismissed under this Title IX Procedure that could constitute a violation of Student, faculty and staff handbooks or any other ICSW policy may be handled through other applicable ICSW processes.
- **b.** Notice of Dismissal Prior to Investigation. Upon dismissal, ICSW shall send a Notice of Dismissal including the reason(s) therefore simultaneously to the Parties, within 7 calendar day of receipt of formal complaint.

#### **F.** Informal Resolution

#### 1. Informal Resolution Process

At any time after a Formal Complaint is filed, the Title IX Coordinator may, in their discretion, choose to offer and facilitate an Informal Resolution process, so long as both Parties give voluntary, informed, written consent to attempt Informal Resolution. ICSW may not require the Parties to participate in an Informal Resolution process or require as a condition of enrollment or continuing enrollment, or employment or continuing employment, or enjoyment of any other right, waiver of the right to a formal Investigation and adjudication of Formal Complaints of Title IX Prohibited Conduct. Any person who facilitates an Informal Resolution will be experienced and trained in dispute resolution and trained on this Title IX Procedure.

#### 2. Withdrawing from an Informal Resolution Process

At any time prior to agreeing to an Informal Resolution, any Party has the right to withdraw from the Informal Resolution process and resume the process with respect to the Formal Complaint.

#### 3. Matters Not Eligible for Informal Resolution

- **a.** No Informal Resolution process will be offered before a Formal Complaint is filed.
- **b.** No Informal Resolution process will be offered to resolve Formal Complaints involving a student as Complainant and a staff or faculty member as Respondent.

# **G.** Investigation

For any allegations in any Formal Complaint not subject to dismissal under this Title IX Procedure, the matter will proceed to an Investigation. The formal Investigation phase is the period during which the Investigator gathers information about the allegations. This period of time is the Parties' opportunity to provide input regarding the collection of evidence, but the burden of gathering evidence and the burden of proof is on ICSW. ICSW may, in its discretion, consolidate the Investigation of multiple Formal Complaints where the allegations arise out of the same facts.

#### 1. Support During the Investigation and Hearing Process

#### a. Advisors

The Advisor may assist a Party on written submissions provided they are verified by the Party. The Process Support Person does not speak or advocate on behalf of the Party in ICSW proceedings, except as provided in Section IV.H.1.d., below. Any Process Support Person who violates these expectations may not be permitted to participate further in the process or as a Support Person.

Only one advisor will be allowed to accompany a Party to meetings with Investigators (including meetings that occur using technology, such as Zoom).

#### b. Title IX Coordinator/ICSW-Identified Advisor for Student Parties

ICSW has trained Title IX Coordinator to serve as Process Advisors for all Parties in all ICSW processes involving sexual harassment, sexual violence, relationship violence and stalking. Title IX Coordinator are available by appointment for consultation to students, staff and faculty to discuss all available ICSW procedures to resolve violations of Student, faculty and staff handbooks, including this Title IX Procedure. Title IX Coordinator are intended to maintain Privacy and Confidentiality to the extent permitted by law. This means that Title IX Coordinator do not have a responsibility to report information to others at ICSW and – except to the extent a Title IX Coordinator needs to share information to protect life – will hold in confidence information shared by community members. Note, however, that courts are not required to recognize the Confidentiality of Title IX Coordinator, and ICSW may be compelled by a court to disclose information or documents shared with a Title IX Coordinator.

Once a Notice of Formal Complaint is issued by ICSW, each Party will be offered a Title IX Coordinator to assist the Party as a Process Support Person. A Party may decline to work with a Title IX Coordinator, may decline to follow the advice of a Title IX Coordinator, and may work with their own identified Process Support Person.

#### c. Attorney as Process Support Person

Each Party may elect to identify an attorney to serve as an advisor. Such an individual is obligated to follow the requirements for Advisors stated in Section IV.H.1.a., above. While an advisor may be an attorney, the attorney has no different role in the process and serves as an advisor in the same capacity as a non-attorney, except as provided in Section IV.H.1.d., below.

#### d. Hearing Support Person/ICSW-Identified Advisors

As described in Section IV.K.4.a., below, if the matter proceeds to a Hearing, all oral crossexamination must be conducted by a Party's Hearing Support Person (which may be the same as the Party's Process Support Person), not by the Parties themselves. If a Party arrives at a Hearing without a Hearing Support Person, ICSW will designate an advisor of ICSW's choosing to conduct the oral cross-examination on behalf of the Party.

In the event a matter proceeds to a Hearing, an ICSW-Identified Advisor will be made available to all Parties for assistance with the Hearing stage. The ICSW-Identified Advisor will provide guidance around Hearing preparation, conduct cross-examination during a Hearing, and may provide assistance during an appeal period. Parties are not obligated to use this resource or to follow any guidance provided by an advisor. Should Parties wish to avail themselves of this resource, they should contact the Title IX Office to obtain the list of advisors. Each Party is responsible for selecting their own ICSW- identified Advisor from this list. If a student Party has elected to use an ICSW- Identified Advisor for consultation prior to the Hearing stage, and elects to use this resource for the Hearing stage, the student Party will be offered the same ICSW- Identified Advisor that provided the consultation services to serve as the student Party's Hearing Support Person. A student Party may choose a different ICSW-Identified Advisor from the list to serve as the Hearing Support Person, but the student will not get another two hours of consultation time if the student Party switches ICSW-Identified Advisor. While Parties are not required to have an ICSW-identified advisor for the Hearing and are otherwise permitted to engage an attorney, ICSW will not reimburse Parties for such services.

#### 2. Investigation Process

a. Investigator. The Title IX Coordinator will designate an individual to conduct the Investigation of a Formal Complaint.

**b.** Notice of Interviews, Meetings or Hearings. The Title IX Coordinator will send the Parties and their Advisors advance written notice of any investigative interviews, meetings, or Hearings at which the Party is expected to be present. These notices will be sent out at least 10 business days prior to these sessions.

c. Method of Information Gathering. The Investigator may gather information in multiple ways. The Investigator may collect relevant documents and other information and may also interview Parties and/or Witnesses. In addition, a Complainant or Respondent may:

- **1.** submit documentary information to the Investigator;
- 2. submit a list of Witnesses to be interviewed by the Investigator; and/or
- **3.** request that the Investigator attempt to collect documents and other information that are not accessible to the requesting Party.

d. Disclosure of information. After the Investigator has concluded the collection of evidence, ICSW will send the Parties and their Advisors evidence directly related to the allegations, in electronic format or hard copy, with at least 10 days for the Parties to inspect, review, and respond to the evidence.

e. Investigative Report. After the Investigator has received the Parties' response to the evidence, the Investigator will complete the Investigative Report that fairly summarizes the relevant evidence. The Title IX Coordinator will make the Investigative Report available to the Parties and their Advisors in electronic format or hard copy, with at least 10 days for the Parties to respond. In the event the determination is made to dismiss the Formal Complaint (see below), that information will be included in the Investigative Report.

#### **H.** Post-Investigation Options

- 1. Dismissal of Formal Complaint After Investigation
- a. Mandatory Dismissal. ICSW must dismiss the Formal Complaint if after the Investigation it is determined by the Title IX Coordinator that the conduct alleged in the Formal Complaint does not constitute Title IX Prohibited Conduct or did not occur against a person in the United States. If the Formal Complaint alleges multiple claims that arise out of the same facts and circumstances, and the Title IX Coordinator determines that some conduct is covered under Title IX and some is not, all claims may proceed together to be resolved

under this Title IX Procedure. If, however, the Title IX Coordinator determines some claims do not arise out of the same facts and circumstances, are not covered by Title IX, and could violate other ICSW policy, that conduct will be dismissed and referred to another ICSW process, and the Title IX Procedure will proceed with respect to the covered conduct only.

- b. Discretionary Dismissal. ICSW may dismiss the Formal Complaint if:
  - i. The Respondent is no longer enrolled or employed by ICSW;
  - **ii.** Specific circumstances prevent ICSW from gathering sufficient evidence to reach a determination; or
  - **iii.** The Complainant informs the Title IX Coordinator in writing that the Complainant desires to withdraw the Formal Complaint or allegations therein.
    - A Complainant may notify the Title IX Coordinator at any time that the Complainant does not wish to proceed with the Investigation and/or Hearing process. If such a request is received, the Title IX Coordinator will inform the Complainant that ICSW's ability to respond to the allegation may be limited if the allegations are withdrawn.
    - 2. The Title IX Coordinator will consider the factors in Section IV.B.2.b. in reaching a determination as to whether to terminate the Investigation and/or Hearing process. In the event that the Title IX Coordinator determines that the Investigation will continue, the Title IX Coordinator will notify the Complainant of that determination. The Title IX Coordinator will include in that notification a statement that the Complainant is not required to participate in the Investigation and/or Hearing process but that the process will continue. In the event that the Title IX Coordinator determines that the Investigation will be terminated, both Parties will be notified.
- **c. Referral.** In the event of dismissal after the Investigation (mandatory or discretionary), the Title IX Coordinator may refer some or all of the matter for consideration under another applicable ICSW policy or procedure, if any.
- **d.** Notice of Dismissal after Investigation. Upon dismissal, ICSW shall promptly send a Notice of Dismissal (mandatory or discretionary) and reason(s) therefor simultaneously to the Parties.
- e. Right to Appeal Notice of Dismissal. The Parties may appeal a Notice of Dismissal. Each Party may submit a written appeal of up to 6,000 words in length, which will be shared with the other Party. The Parties must submit the appeal by the date determined by the Title IX Office, generally ten calendar days from the receipt of the Notice of Dismissal. The appeal is submitted to an External Sexual Harassment/Assault Process Specialist and will be limited to the following grounds:

- i. Were there any procedural irregularities that substantially affected the outcome of the matter to the detriment of the Complainant?
- **ii.** Was there any substantive new evidence that was not available at the time of the decision that could not have been available based on reasonable and diligent inquiry that would substantially affect the outcome of the decision?

iii. Is the decision one that a reasonable person might have made?

Upon receipt of a Party's appeal, the Adjudicator will share it with the other Party. Each Party may submit a response to the other Party's appeal (no more than 3,000 words). Each Party must submit this response by the date determined by the Adjudicator, generally seven (7) calendar daysafter the other Party's appeal has been shared. The appealing Party will have access to the other Party's response to the appeal, but no further responses will be permitted.

The Title IX Coordinator is permitted, but not required, to file a response to a Party's appeal to respond to concerns relating to procedural irregularities including the Investigation. The Title IX Coordinator may submit one response for each Party that files an appeal (that raises a procedural irregularity). Each response by the Title IX Coordinator should be no more than 1,500 words. The Parties will have access to the Title IX Coordinator response(s) to the appeal, but no further responses will be permitted.

The remedy is limited to directing the Title IX Coordinator to issue a Notice of Charge and proceed to a Hearing.

2. Notice of Charge/Setting of Hearing. For any Formal Complaints not subject to Dismissal or Informal Resolution after Investigation, the matter will proceed to a Hearing. The Title IX Coordinator will notify both the Complainant and the Respondent in writing that the matter has been charged and referred to an Adjudicator to decide the matter. The Adjudicator will promptly set the Hearing based on the availability of the Parties and Witnesses.

# I. Pre-Hearing Process

#### 1. Creation of Hearing File.

The Adjudicator (working with the Investigator) will create the initial Hearing File within seven (7) calendar days after the issuance of the Notice of Charge. However, in more complex cases involving, for instance, multiple allegations and/or Witnesses, the creation of the Hearing File may take longer. Before the Hearing File is made available to the Parties, the Investigator/Adjudicator will redact personally identifying information from the Hearing File, such as phone numbers, addresses, and medical information. The Investigator/Adjudicator will also propose redactions of non-permissible and unrelated information in the Hearing File, and highlight those proposed redactions to the Parties. The Parties will

receive electronic access to view the Hearing File. Parties will also receive a log describing gathered materials that were not included in the Hearing File.

#### a. Expert Witnesses

Expert Witnesses may be permitted only if:

- i. the Adjudicator needs special expertise in order to understand atechnical matter, such as relevant forensic evidence;<sup>8</sup>
- **ii.** an understanding of that technical matter is likely to affect the Adjudicator's finding; and/or
- **iii.** there is not a more efficient method of obtaining the information necessary to resolve that technical matter.

If allowed, an Expert Witness may be retained by a Party or by the Title IX Office. If an Expert Witness is retained by a Party, that Party will be responsible for any costs incurred, and the other Party will be allowed to respond to that Expert's written or oral testimony. If an Expert Witness is consulted by the Title IX Office and the expert's opinion or testimony is included in the Hearing File or offered to the Adjudicator, the Parties will be allowed to respond to that Expert's written or oral testimony. A Party's Expert Witness must be identified in the Investigation phase, unless good cause is shown as to a late discovery of need for such testimony, and must be willing to submit to an interview with the investigator, in part to determine whether the proposed testimony meets the standard set forth above.

#### b. Medical Records

For purposes of this Title IX Procedure, ICSW will not access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use a Party's records that are made or maintained by a physician, psychiatrist, psychologist, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional acting in the professional's or paraprofessional's capacity, or assisting in that capacity, and which are made and maintained in connection with the provision of treatment to the Party, unless ICSW obtains that Party's voluntary, written consent to do so.

#### c. New Evidence and/or Rebuttal Evidence

New Evidence is evidence that was not available at the time of the charge decision, could not have been available based on reasonable and diligent inquiry, and is relevant to the matter.

Rebuttal Evidence is evidence presented to contradict other evidence in the Hearing File, which could not have been reasonably anticipated by a Party to be relevant information at the time of the Investigation.

New Evidence and Rebuttal Evidence may be included or excluded from the Hearing File, as described in Section IV.I.2., below, but in no event is this section intended to permit a Party who has declined to give a statement about the incident during the Investigation to give such a statement for the first time after the Hearing File has been created. This section is intended to be invoked in

rare instances to allow for the inclusion of information that was not available during the Investigation or that could not have been reasonably anticipated to be relevant to rebut an issue that came to light.

#### 2. Evidentiary Review Process

If a Party objects to evidence included or excluded from the Hearing File, or if a Party wants to submit New Evidence and/or Rebuttal Evidence after the Parties have viewed the file, the Party may make a written request to have evidentiary concerns considered by the Adjudicator. Requests to review evidentiary concerns should include all evidentiary issues in one document, which should be no more than 1,500 words in length (including headers, footnotes, captions, charts, audio and/or video statements, and everything else except for the submission of proposed new or rebuttal evidence). New Evidence and/or Rebuttal Evidence, if any, should be attached to the written request and submitted to the Adjudicator, who will forward all information from the Parties to the Adjudicator.

In order to consider the objections to the Hearing File, the Adjudicator will have access to all materials gathered by the Investigator during the Investigation. The Parties must submit the objections by the date set in the Hearing Schedule, generally five (5) calendar days after the date the Hearing File is made available to the Parties. The Title IX Coordinator is permitted, but not required, to submit responses to the Parties' evidentiary objections to the Adjudicator. The Adjudicator has the authority to make all evidentiary decisions relating to what information is relevant; that is, what information should be included or excluded from the Hearing File. When the Adjudicator proposes to add New or Rebuttal Evidence to the file that not all Parties have reviewed, the Adjudicator is permitted to grant Parties the opportunity to review and bring forward evidentiary issues, limited to the New or Rebuttal Evidence that was added.

During the Hearing, Parties, Advisors, and Witnesses must comply with the evidentiary decisions that have been made by the Adjudicator.

Objections to the inclusion or exclusion of evidence cannot be the basis for appeal unless they were made through the Evidentiary Review process before the Hearing. The standard for review of evidentiary decisions on appeal will be whether the evidentiary decision was clearly erroneous and substantially affected the Adjudicator's decision to the detriment of the appealing Party.

#### 3. Response Statement to Hearing File

Each Party may submit a written statement of their position to the Adjudicator that is no more than 1,500 words in length (including headers, footnotes, captions, charts, audio and/or video statements).

- **a.** This statement is each Party's opportunity to respond to the Hearing File and the charges made and to provide a statement to the Adjudicator about what the Party believes the evidence shows.
- **b.** No attachments will be accepted; references to evidence should be madeto material in the Hearing File.
- c. No New and/or Rebuttal Evidence may be submitted.
- d. No information may be submitted that goes beyond the scope of the matter that is

charged.

The Parties must submit this statement by the date set in the Hearing Schedule (see Appendix C), but generally five (5) calendar days from the date the Hearing File is made available to the Parties.

The Adjudicator, in consultation with the Investigator, will remove information from a position statement that goes beyond the scope of the charge.

# 4. Hearing Schedule

Within seven (7) days of when the Notice of Charge is issued, the Adjudicator will reach out to all Parties, Witnesses, and the Adjudicator to that schedule key dates for the matter (Hearing Schedule). The Hearing Schedule will take into consideration the academic and other conflicts identified in response to the Written Notice of Formal Complaint. Unless an extension is granted based on a showing of good cause, the Parties are obligated to follow the Hearing Schedule. The Hearing Schedule will be case-specific but generally will follow the timeframes set forth in Appendix C.

# J. Hearings

#### **1.** Format of Hearing.

Hearings may be conducted with all Parties physically present in the same geographic location or, at ICSW's discretion, any or all Parties, Witnesses, and other participants may appear at the live Hearing virtually, with technology enabling participants simultaneously to see and hear each other. At the request of either Party, ICSW will provide for the Hearing to occur with the Parties located in separate rooms with technology enabling the decision-maker(s) and Parties to simultaneously see and hear the Party or the Witness answering questions.

# 2. Recording of the Hearing.

Hearings will be transcribed or recorded through audio or audiovisual means, and ICSW will make the transcript or recording available to the Parties for inspection and review upon request.

# 3. Role of Hearing Advisors.

If a Party does not have a Hearing Support Person present at the Hearing, ICSW will provide without fee or charge to that Party, a Hearing Support Person of ICSW's choice, who may be, but is not required to be, an attorney, to conduct cross-examination on behalf of that Party.

# 4. Role of the Adjudicator.

The Adjudicator will be a neutral decision-maker experienced and trained in adjudicating matters of civil rights, sexual harassment and/or sexual violence and trained on this Title IX Procedure. The Adjudicator will preside over the Hearing and will issue the Written Determination Regarding Responsibility.

The Adjudicator will be identified to the Parties before the Hearing at least three days prior to the Hearing. Additionally, no person who has a conflict of interest may serve as the Adjudicator. A conflict of interest exists if the Adjudicator has prior involvement in or knowledge of the allegations at issue in the case, has a personal relationship with one of the Parties or Witnesses, or has some other source of bias.

Either Party may assert, in writing, that an Adjudicator has a conflict of interest. A request to recuse an Adjudicator based on a conflict must be submitted within 1 business day's receipt of the name of the Adjudicator. The request is submitted to the Adjudicator. A determination will be made whether an Adjudicator has a conflict of interest, and if so that Adjudicator will be replaced by an alternate.

At the Hearing, the Adjudicator will:

- a. Permit Cross-examination. At the Hearing, the Adjudicator will permit each Party's Hearing Support Person to ask the other Party and any Witnesses all relevant questions and follow-up questions, including those challenging credibility. Such cross-examination at the Hearing must be conducted directly, orally, and in real time by the Party's Hearing Support Person of choice and never by a Party personally. The Parties may, however, jointly agree in advance to waive oral cross-examination and instead submit written cross-examination to the Adjudicator to conduct the examination. Even if the Parties so agree, the Parties are still required to have a Hearing Support Person present at the Hearing. ICSW has discretion to otherwise restrict the extent to which Hearing Support Person may participate in the proceedings.
- b. Determine Relevance of Questions. Only relevant cross-examination and other questions may be asked of a Party or Witness. Before a Complainant, Respondent, or Witness answers a cross-examination or other question, the Adjudicator must first determine whether the question is relevant and explain any decision to exclude a question as not relevant.
- c. Provide Rape Shield Protections for Complainants. The Adjudicator will prohibit any questions and evidence about the Complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behavior as not relevant, unless such questions and evidence about the Complainant's prior sexual behavior are offered to prove that someone other than the Respondent committed the conduct alleged by the Complainant, or if the questions and evidence concern specific incidents of the Complainant's prior sexual behavior with respect to the Respondent and are offered to prove consent.

#### 5. Hearing Process.

The Investigator will be available to answer any questions from the Adjudicator about the Investigation.

The Adjudicator may meet with the Parties and Witnesses for the purpose of making findings of fact. The Parties and Witnesses may not speak to matters beyond the scope of the Hearing File (for example, by raising potential misconduct allegations that go beyond the scope of the charged conduct). Parties and Witnesses must not disclose or reference information to the Adjudicator that was excluded from the Hearing File. The Adjudicator may ask questions of the Parties and/or Witnesses.

Parties are permitted to listen to Witnesses as they are speaking to the Adjudicator. The Adjudicator is not obligated to speak to all Witnesses.

# 6. Written Determination Regarding Responsibility.

The Adjudicator shall issue a Written Determination Regarding Responsibility, applying the Preponderance of the Evidence standard (as required by Illinois law), which shall include:

- a. Identification of the allegations potentially constituting Title IX Prohibited Conduct;
- **b.** A description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the Formal Complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the Parties, interviews with Parties and Witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and Hearings held;
- **c.** Findings of fact;
- **d.** Conclusions about whether the alleged Title IX Prohibited Conductoccurred, applying the definitions set forth in this Title IX Procedure to the facts;
- e. The rationale for the result as to each allegation;
- f. Any disciplinary Sanctions imposed on the Respondent;
- g. Whether Remedies or Supportive Measures will be provided to the Complainant; and
- **h.** Information about how to file an appeal.

The Adjudicator may ask the Parties to submit Sanctions statements at the conclusion of the Hearing. The Adjudicator may also consult with ICSW personnel regarding any Sanctions and Remedies appropriate to the specific Respondent and Complainant using the guidelines provided in Appendix B.

The Sanction determination will be provided to the Title IX Coordinator who will be responsible for implementing the Supportive Measures and/or Remedies, including the continuation of any Supportive Measures and/or any additional or on-going accommodations for both Parties. The Title IX Coordinator will cause the Written Determination Regarding Responsibility to be sent to the Parties. The Title IX Coordinator will provide copies of the Written Determination Regarding Responsibility and Sanctions and/or Remedies (if any) for the purpose of maintaining records as follows:

**a.** For students, to the Office of Academic Affairs

- **b.** For staff, to ICSW Human Resources
- c. For faculty, to the Academic Dean
- **d.** For postdoctoral scholars and fellows, to the appropriate administrative manager

The Adjudicator must explain decisions on responsibility and Sanctions (if applicable) and Remedies with enough specificity for the Parties to be able to file meaningful appeals.

The consideration of whether Remedies and Sanctions go into immediate effect or are held in abeyance pending appeal or some combination thereof, will be determined on a case- by-case basis by the Title IX Coordinator.

The Written Determination Regarding Responsibility becomes final:

- **a.** if an appeal is not filed, the date on which an appeal would no longerbe considered timely; or
- **b.** if an appeal is filed, on the date that ICSW provides the Parties with the written determination of the result of the appeal.

#### 7. Appeal of a Written Determination Regarding Responsibility

#### a. Submission of Appeal

Both Parties have the right to an appeal from a Written Determination Regarding Responsibility on the bases set forth below. Appeals may be submitted by a Complainant or Respondent in writing to the Adjudicator, who will forward the appeal to a designated Appeal Officer to decide the appeal. The Appeal Officer will be a professional neutral decision-maker (such as a retired judge) experienced and trained in adjudicating matters of civil rights, sexual harassment and/or sexual violence and trained on this Title IX Procedure. The Appeal Officer will not have a current affiliation with ICSW.

Each Party may submit a written appeal of up to 6,000 words in length, which will be shared with the other Party. The Parties must submit the appeal by the date determined by the Title IX Office, generally ten (10) calendar days from the receipt of the Written Determination Regarding Responsibility (if any).

The grounds for appeal are limited to the following:

- **1.** Were there any procedural irregularities that substantially affected the outcome of the matter to the detriment of the appealing Party
- 2. Was there any substantive new evidence that was not available at the time of the decision or Hearing and that could not have been available based on reasonable and diligent inquiry that would substantially affect the outcome of the decision?
- **3.** Did the Title IX Coordinator, Investigator(s), or Adjudicator have a conflict of interest or bias for or against Complainants or Respondents that affected the outcome of the matter?
- **4.** For matters that proceeded to Sanctioning and imposition of Remedies, are the

Sanction and/or Remedies ones that could have been issued by reasonable persons given the findings of the case?

In composing appeals, Parties should format their arguments following these four grounds as the organizational structure.

Upon receipt of a Party's appeal, the Adjudicator will share it with the other Party. Each Party may submit a response to the other Party's appeal (no more than 3,000 words). Each Party must submit this response by the date determined by the Adjudicator, generally ten (10) calendar days after the other Party's appeal has been shared. The appealing Party will have access to the other Party's response to the appeal, but no further responses will be permitted.

The Title IX Coordinator is permitted, but not required, to file a response to a Party's appeal to respond to concerns relating to procedural irregularities or bias in the Investigation and Hearing process. The Title IX Coordinator may submit one response for each Party that files an appeal (that raises a procedural irregularity). Each response by the Title IX Coordinator should be no more than 1,500 words. The Parties will have access to the Title IX Coordinator's response(s) to the appeal, but no further responses will be permitted.

#### b. Appeal Decision

The Appeal Officer will provide the Notice of Outcome of Appeal no later than ten (10) calendar days after receipt of all appeal documents.

As needed, the Appeal Officer will consult with the Title IX Coordinator regarding the management of ongoing Remedies. The Appeal Officer may reject the appeal in whole or in part, issue a new decision regarding responsibility, issue new or revised Sanctions and Remedies, or refer the matter to a new Adjudicator.

# **VI.** ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND APPENDICES

# A. Retaliation and Intimidation.

It is a violation of Student, faculty and staff handbooks to Intimidate or Retaliate against any person making a complaint or responding to a complaint under this Title IX Procedure or against any person participating in the Investigation of any such allegation under this Title IX Procedure (including being the Respondent or testifying as a Witness). No person may threaten, coerce, or discriminate against any individual for pursuing or exercising any right or privilege secured by Title IX, or because the individual has made a report or complaint, responded to a complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an Investigation, proceeding, or Hearing related to this Title IX Procedure.

**1. Retaliation** includes, but is not limited to, adverse action related to employment, academic opportunities, participation in ICSW programs or activities, or similar punitive action.

**2.** Intimidation includes any threatening statement or conduct made with the intent to prevent or dissuade any Party or Witness from reporting or participating in the process.

All Parties to a concern and all persons participating in the Investigation of a concern are prohibited from engaging in actions intended to retaliate or intimidate directly or through support persons.

Charging an individual with a handbook violation for making a materially false statement in bad faith in the course of an Investigation does not constitute Retaliation, provided, however, that a determination regarding responsibility, alone, is not sufficient to conclude that any Party made a materially false statement in bad faith. The exercise of rights protected under the First Amendment does not constitute Retaliation.

Reports of alleged violations of ICSW Directives or Court Orders prior to a finding of responsibility either will be incorporated into the pending matter or referred separately to another ICSW process. After a Respondent has been found responsible for Title IX Prohibited Conduct, if there is a new allegation that the Respondent has engaged in Retaliation, Intimidation, or violated a Court Order or ICSW Directive relating to the matter, the Title IX Office will investigate the allegation and determine whether to refer the matter to be handled through another ICSW process.

# B. Process for Evaluating Requests for Disability Accommodations.

Parties or Witnesses may request disability-related accommodations from the Title IX Office. Upon receipt of a request for a disability-related accommodation, the Title IX Office will coordinate a meeting with the appropriate disability coordinator and the individual requesting the accommodation to explain the steps involved in the applicable Title IX process (*e.g.*, attorney meetings, interview, document submissions, Hearing). If a participant requests accommodations, if needed, an Investigation under this Title IX Procedure may be delayed (or that person's participation postponed) until the participant requesting such accommodations has had their request evaluated and, as appropriate, until accommodations have been implemented.

The appropriate disability coordinator will confirm with the participant their specific accommodation requests; the appropriate disability coordinator may coordinate with other ICSW offices, such as the Office of Accessible Education or Human Resources, to confirm existing accommodations.

In the circumstance that the Title IX Coordinator determines that the recommended accommodations create a fundamental alteration of the applicable review or Investigation process, the Title IX Coordinator will confer with the appropriate disability coordinator to identify alternate accommodations, if any. The Title IX Coordinator will provide a written statement of the accommodations that will be provided in the process.

If a Party seeking an accommodation does not agree with the statement of accommodations, the Party may seek written review of the accommodations from the appropriate disability coordinator or their designee. The request to review the accommodations must be made in writing. The appropriate disability coordinator will review and respond to the request, generally within three (3) days. The accommodations recommended by the appropriate disability coordinator are final unless there is a change of circumstance. A Party who continues to be dissatisfied with accommodations may raise the concern as procedural error at the conclusion of a Hearing.

#### **APPENDIX A: DEFINITIONS**

**Affirmative Consent:** affirmative, conscious, and voluntary agreement to engage in sexual activity. It is the responsibility of each person involved in the sexual activity to ensure that the person has the Affirmative Consent of the other or others to engage in the sexual activity. Lack of protest or resistance does not mean Affirmative Consent, nor does silence mean Affirmative Consent. Affirmative Consent must be ongoing throughout a sexual activity and can be revoked at any time. Affirmative Consent may be based on a condition(s), *e.g.*, the use of a condom, and that condition(s) must continue to be met throughout an activity, unless there is mutual agreement to forego or change the condition. When there is no Affirmative Consent present during sexual activity, the activity at issue necessarily occurred "against the person's will."

**Appeal Officer:** a professional neutral decision-maker (such as a retired judge) experienced and trained in adjudicating matters of civil rights, sexual harassment and/or sexual violence and trained on this Title IX Procedure, who will review the Parties' appeals and issue the Notice of Outcome of Appeal.

**Complainant:** the Party to the process who has allegedly experienced the alleged Title IX Prohibited Conduct at issue. ICSW uses this term to provide consistency with the Title IX regulations and many peer institutions. Use of this term does not necessarily indicate that this person either reported the conduct or requested that ICSW pursue the matter.

**Confidential Resource:** a person who by law is exempted from the obligation to report an allegation of conduct that could constitute Title IX Prohibited Conduct to any entity, including ICSW's Title IX Coordinator or law enforcement in circumstances in which the reported conduct could be a crime (except, as to law enforcement, if the Complainant is a minor or if there is a belief that there is an imminent threat of harm to self or others).

**Confidentiality:** exists in the context of laws that protect certain relationships, including those who provide services related to medical and clinical care, mental health providers, counselors, and ordained clergy. The law creates a privilege between certain health care providers, mental health care providers, attorneys, clergy, spouses, and others, with their patients, clients, parishioners, and spouses.

**Court Order:** any formal order issued by a state or federal court or authorized police officer that restricts a person's access to another ICSW community member, such as an emergency, temporary or permanent restraining order.

**Dating Violence:** violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the Complainant, including sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse, but excluding acts covered under the definition of Domestic Violence.

**Domestic Violence:** a felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed: (i) by a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the Complainant; (ii) by a person with whom the Complainant shares a child in common; (iii) by a person who is cohabitating with, or has cohabitated with, the Complainant as a spouse or intimate partner; (iv) by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the Complainant under the domestic or family violence laws of California; (v) by any other person against an adult or youth Complainant who is protected from that person's acts under the domestic or family violence laws of California; two people living together as roommates. The people cohabitating must be current or former spouses or have an intimate relationship.

**Duress:** a direct or implied threat of force, violence, danger, hardship, or retribution that is enough to cause a reasonable person of ordinary sensitivity to do or submit to something that they would not otherwise do or submit to. When deciding whether the act was accomplished by duress, all the circumstances, including the age of the Complainant and their relationship to the Respondent, are relevant factors.

*Expert Witness*: a Witness identified by a Party or the Title IX Office that has special expertise in a technical matter, such as forensic evidence.

*External Sexual Harassment/Assault Process Specialist*: a person with specialized knowledge in sexual harassment and sexual assault (such as a person with legal training) retained by ICSW, in the event of an appeal of a Notice of Dismissal.

*Force:* an act is accomplished by force if a person overcomes the other person's will by use of physical force or induces reasonable fear of immediate bodily injury.

**Formal Complaint:** a document filed and signed by a Complainant or filed and signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging Title IX Prohibited Conduct against a Respondent and requesting that ICSW investigate the allegations.

*Hearing*: a live hearing conducted with all Parties physically present in the same geographic location or with participants appearing virtually with technology enabling participants simultaneously to see and hear each other. During the Hearing, the Adjudicator permits each Party's Hearing Support Person to ask the other Party and Witnesses all relevant questions and follow-up questions, including those challenging credibility. A recording or transcript of the hearing will be made.

Hearing Coordinator: the person who manages Hearings under this Title IX Procedure.

*Hearing File*: the information collected during the Investigation that is deemed relevant to be considered by the Adjudicator.

**Adjudicator:** a non-ICSW professional neutral decision-maker (such as a retired judge) experienced and trained in adjudicating matters of civil rights, sexual harassment and/or sexual violence and trained on this Title IX Procedure who will preside over the Hearing and will issue the Written Determination Regarding Responsibility.

*Hearing Schedule:* a time-table specific to each matter that schedules key dates for the matter after it has been charged.

*Hearing Support Person*: the person who will attend the Hearing with a Party and conduct the oral cross-examination of the other Party and Witnesses. The Hearing Support Person may be the same as the Party's Process Support Person.

*Incapacitation*: a person lacks the ability to voluntarily agree (that is, to give Affirmative Consent) to sexual activity because the person is asleep, unconscious, under the influence of an anesthetizing or intoxicating substance such that the person does not have control over their body, is otherwise unaware that sexual activity is occurring, or is unable to appreciate the nature and quality of the act. Incapacitation is not necessarily the same as legal intoxication.

*Informal Resolution*: a voluntary process that the Parties may consent to participate in, as described in Section IV.F.

**Initial Report:** a report of conduct that may constitute Title IX Prohibited Conduct, which may be made by any individual, even if not the person alleged to have experienced the conduct. An Initial Report is made prior to a Formal Complaint, and triggers the Title IX Coordinator's obligation to contact the Complainant and inform the Complainant of Supportive Measures, as described in Section IV.A.1.

*Intimidation:* includes any threatening statement or conduct made with the intent to prevent or dissuade any Party or Witness from reporting or participating in the Title IX Procedure.

*Investigation*: the phase of the Title IX Procedure when the Parties are invited to provide evidence and identify Witnesses to the Investigator related to the allegations in the Notice of Formal Complaint.

*Investigative Report*: a formal written document that fairly summarizes the relevant evidence gathered during the Investigation and that is provided to the Parties with at least 10 days to respond.

*Investigator*: the person assigned by the Title IX Coordinator to investigate Formal Complaints under this Title IX Procedure. The Investigator shall have been trained on all elements of an Investigation as required by federal and state law.

*Menace*: a threat, statement, or act showing intent to injure someone.

*New Evidence*: evidence that was not available at the time of the charge decision, could not have been available based on reasonable and diligent inquiry, and is relevant to the matter.

Nonforcible Sexual Violations: Any of the following acts:

- *Incest*. Nonforcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by California law.
- **Statutory Intercourse Violation.** Nonforcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent of California. The age of consent in California is 18.

*Notice of Charge*: the formal notification issued by the Title IX Coordinator following an Investigation that the matter will be charged and will proceed to a Hearing.

*Notice of Dismissal*: the formal notification issued by the Title IX Coordinator following a determination that the matter does not meet the definitional or jurisdictional standards of Title IX and stating the reasons for dismissal.

*Notice of Formal Complaint*: the formal notification issued by the Title IX Coordinator that a Formal Complaint has been filed and including the details set forth in Section IV.C.1.

*Notice of Outcome of Appeal*: a written determination describing the Appeal Officer's final decision of a matter brought forward on appeal.

*Party/Parties*: the generic or collective term used to refer to Complainant(s) and Respondent(s).

**Preponderance of the Evidence:** the standard of proof used by the Adjudicator. A finding by the Preponderance of the Evidence means that the credible evidence on one side outweighs the credible evidence on the other side, such that, as a whole, it is more likely than not that the alleged fact or conduct occurred. It does not mean that a greater number of Witnesses or documents is offered on one side or the other, but that the quality or significance of the evidence offered in support of one side is more convincing than the evidence in opposition.

**Privacy:** means that information related to a complaint will be shared with only a limited number of ICSW employees who "need to know" in order to assist in the assessment, Investigation, and resolution of the report. All employees who are responsible for ICSW's response to Title IX Prohibited Conduct receive specific training and guidance about sharing and safeguarding private information in accordance with state and federal law. The privacy of student education records will be protected in accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act ("FERPA"), and the privacy of employee records will be protected in accordance with California law and ICSW policy.

**Rebuttal Evidence:** evidence presented to contradict other evidence in the Hearing File, which could not have been reasonably anticipated by a Party to be relevant information at the time of the Investigation.

**Remedies:** individualized measures implemented after a Hearing or as part of an Informal Resolution that are designed to restore or preserve equal access to ICSW Programs or Activities,

and may include Supportive Measures, but need not be non-disciplinary or non- punitive and need not avoid burdening the Respondent.

**Respondent:** the person alleged to have engaged in Title IX Prohibited Conduct.

**Retaliation:** includes, but is not limited to, adverse action related to employment, academic opportunities, participation in ICSW programs or activities, or similar punitive action taken against an individual because that person has made an Initial Report or Formal Complaint, responded to a Formal Complaint, testified, assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in an Investigation, proceeding, or Hearing.

*Sanctions*: individualized measures implemented after a Hearing that may be disciplinary in nature, as described in Appendix B.

*Senior ICSW Official*: employees of ICSW (other than the Title IX Coordinator) with authority to institute corrective measures on ICSW's behalf, and for whom notice of a report of Title IX Prohibited Conduct constitutes actual knowledge of ICSW. At ICSW these individuals include: the President and Academic Dean.

Sexual Assault: Any of the following acts:

- **Rape.** Penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the Complainant.
- **Sodomy.** Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person:
  - o forcibly and/or against that person's will; OR
  - not forcibly or against the person's will (non-consensually) in instances where the Complainant is incapable of giving consent because of age or because of temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- **Sexual Assault with an Object.** To use an object or instrument to penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person:
  - o forcibly and/or against that person's will; OR
  - not forcibly or against the person's will (non-consensually) in instances where the Complainant is incapable of giving consent because of age or because of temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.
- **Fondling.** The touching of the private body parts of another person (buttocks, groin, breasts) for the purpose of sexual gratification:
  - o forcibly and/or against that person's will (non-consensually); OR
  - not forcibly or against the person's will in instances where the Complainant is incapable of giving consent because of age or because of temporary or

permanent mental or physical incapacity.

**Stalking:** engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to: (i) fear for the person's safety or the safety of others; or (ii) suffer substantial emotional distress. Course of conduct means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means, follows, monitors, observes, surveils, threatens, or communicates to or about a person, or interferes with a person's property. Reasonable person means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the Complainant. Substantial emotional distress means significant mental suffering or anguish that may but does not necessarily require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

Supportive Measures: non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized services offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without fee or charge to the Complainant or the Respondent before or after the filing of a Formal Complaint or where no Formal Complaint has been filed. Such measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to ICSW Programs or Activities without unreasonably burdening the other Party, including measures designed to protect the safety of all Parties or the ICSW educational environment, or deter sexual harassment. Supportive measures may include extensions of deadlines or other course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, campus escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work or housing locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring of certain areas of the campus, and other similar measures.

*Title IX Coordinator*: the individual at ICSW responsible for overseeing ICSW's compliance with Title IX, the Clery Act, and IL violence against women act (VAWA).

*Title IX Prohibited Conduct*: the collective term used in this Title IX Procedure to refer to the conduct described in the definitions for Title IX Sexual Harassment, Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, and Stalking.

*Title IX Sexual Harassment*: conduct, on the basis of sex, that satisfies one or more of the following:

- Unwelcome conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it denies a person equal educational access.
- An employee of ICSW conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of ICSW on an individual's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct.

*ICSW Directive*: a directive issued by ICSW restricting activities of an individual in connection with an allegation or finding of violation under this Title IX Procedure.

*ICSW-Identified Advisor*: an attorney made available by ICSW to serve as a Party's Hearing Support Person under a flat-fee structure, and, in the case of student Parties, to provide up to two hours of consultation services at any time after a Notice of Formal Complaint is issued.

*ICSW Program or Activity*: locations, events, or circumstances over which ICSW exercised substantial control over both the alleged Respondent and the context in which the Title IX Prohibited Conduct occurs, and also includes any building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by ICSW.

Violence: the use of physical force to cause harm or injury.

*Witness*: a person asked to give information or a statement under this Title IX Procedure.

*Written Determination Regarding Responsibility*: the formal written notification issued by the Adjudicator after a Hearing that includes: (i) identification of the allegations potentially constituting Title IX Prohibited Conduct; (ii) a description of the procedural steps taken from the receipt of the Formal Complaint through the determination, including any notifications to the Parties, interviews with Parties and Witnesses, site visits, methods used to gather other evidence, and Hearing held; (iii) findings of fact; (iv) conclusions about whether the alleged Title IX Prohibited Conduct occurred, applying the definitions set forth in this Title IX Procedure to the facts; (v) the rationale for the result as to each allegation; (vi) any disciplinary Sanctions imposed on the Respondent; (vii) whether Remedies or Supportive Measures will be provided to the Complainant; and (viii) information about how to file an appeal.

# **APPENDIX B: REMEDIES AND SANCTIONING GUIDELINES**

# **A. Remedies**

Following a determination of responsibility under this Title IX Grievance Procedure that the Respondent engaged in Title IX Prohibited Conduct directed at the Complainant, Remedies are provided to a Complainant. Remedies must be designed to restore or preserve access to ICSW's educational Program or Activity. Remedies may include disciplinary Sanctions or other actions against a Respondent. They may include the same individualized services as those offered as Supportive Measures; however, Remedies need not be non-disciplinary or non- punitive and need not avoid burdening the Respondent.

The Adjudicator may consult with the Title IX Coordinator or other appropriate ICSW office in crafting Remedies. The Adjudicator will decide on the Remedies as the Adjudicator deems appropriate for the particular case.

The Adjudicator should provide remedies that will remediate a hostile environment for the Complainant and/or provide safety protections for the Complainant or for ICSW community members.

# 1. Remedies Relating to the Respondent

Remedies relating to all Respondents could include the following restrictions:

- a. Directive not to contact (directly or indirectly) the Complainant
- **b.** Limiting or denying access to all or parts of campus
- c. Limiting or denying participation in campus programs or activities
- d. Limiting or denying the opportunity to hold leadership positions

Additionally, for student Respondents, remedies could include the following restrictions:

- e. Limiting or denying housing on campus or part of campus (e.g., not permitting Respondent to live near the Complainant)
- **f.** Requiring that the Respondent not enroll in a course that the Complainant is enrolled in or teaching
- g. Limiting or prohibiting attendance at campus parties or social events

Additionally, for faculty or teaching Respondents, remedies could include the following restrictions:

- h. Limiting or denying certain advising activities
- i. Limiting or denying certain teaching activities
- j. Limiting access to students in private spaces

Remedies for all Respondents could include the affirmative requirement for personalized education or coaching.

### 2. Additional Remedies for the Complainant

Additional Remedies for the Complainant will be directed by the decision-maker and/or Title IX Coordinator. Unless one of these Remedies affects the Respondent, these should remain confidential and should only be included in the Written Determination Regarding Responsibility for the Complainant.

- a. Academic or workplace accommodations
- **b.** Safety accommodations
- c. Other reasonable and appropriate accommodations

#### 3. Timeframe for Remedies

The Adjudicator should indicate a timeframe for the Remedies (noting that it might be appropriate for some Remedies to have different timeframes; e.g., no leadership position for two years and no housing for three years.) Restrictions should be put in place for a certain amount of time, to achieve the appropriate remedy. Generally, the remedy may be achieved in a number of months up to five years.

#### 4. Implementation

The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for effective implementation of any Remedies under this Title IX Grievance Procedure. Remedies may be modified by the Title IX Coordinator as circumstances change over the course of a Complainant's or Respondent's student or work career at ICSW. The request for reconsideration may be submitted to the Title IX Coordinator, and the basis for such reconsideration will be limited to whether, given the changed circumstances, the Remedies are ones

that could have been issued by reasonable persons. Upon request by a Party to reconsider a remedy, which if granted would impact the other Party, the Title IX Coordinator will provide notice and an opportunity to respond to the other Party. The Title IX Coordinator's decision on reconsideration will be provided in writing and maintains jurisdiction over the Remedies as the Parties move through ICSW.

# **B.** Sanctions

Every violation of Student, faculty and staff handbooks is a serious matter and requires an appropriate Sanction issued after individualized review. A violation of Student, faculty and staff handbooks could lead to termination/separation from ICSW for faculty, staff, as well as expulsion for students. The Adjudicator must impose Sanctions that reflect the seriousness of the incident and the harm caused to the Complainant and, as relevant, the ICSW community.

ICSW offers the following guidance for disciplinary Sanctions for all policy violations under Student, faculty and staff handbooks. The Adjudicator may consult with the Title IX Coordinator or other appropriate ICSW office in crafting Sanctions. The Adjudicator will decide on the Sanctions as the Adjudicator deems appropriate for the particular case.

# 1. Most Serious Offenses, Termination/Expulsion

While any violation under the student, faculty or staff handbook is of concern and while any violation may lead to separation/termination or expulsion depending on the individual circumstances of the case, ICSW considers the following offenses to be particularly egregious and likely warrant separation/termination or expulsion unless there are significant mitigating circumstances that overcome the presumption:

- a. Rape, Sodomy, Sexual Assault with an Object including an aggravating factor
- **b.** Domestic or Dating Violence with a serious injury
- c. Any violation including two or more aggravating factors

# 2. Aggravating Factors

While any violation is of concern, ICSW considers the following factors to be aggravating factors that warrant increased Sanctions:

- a. The act is accomplished by Force, Violence, Duress, or Menace
- **b.** Inducing Incapacitation through involuntary ingestion or knowingly taking advantage of an Incapacitated person
- **c.** Past violations of ICSW policy by the Respondent, especially relating to Sexual Harassment and Prohibited Sexual Conduct as defined instudent, faculty and staff handbooks (or prior policies)
  - i. Decision-makers may consider past disciplinary outcomes for similar matters but are not required to give any weight to past outcomes.
- d. More than one perpetrator

- e. Acts committed in the context of an initiation into membership and/or hazing
- **f.** Knowingly using the Respondent's power/authority within ICSW to obtain submission or to accomplish the violation

### **3.** Mitigating Factors

- a. The Respondent did not have an intent to violate ICSW policy
- **b.** The Respondent has taken responsibility for their actions
- c. Other considerations that a reasonable decision-maker would rely on

#### 4. Other Sanctions

Following a determination that termination/expulsion is not appropriate, a decision-maker may consider other Sanctions. The offenses listed above in Section B.1. are extremely serious and (in instances in which termination/expulsion is not warranted), for student and faculty Respondents separation from ICSW for some period of time is expected.

A decision-maker should consider the aggravating factors listed above in Section B.2. when imposing Sanctions. When one or more aggravating factors are present, the decision-maker should impose a Sanction that includes a reflection of the seriousness of the aggravating factor(s).

#### a. For Students

Aside from expulsion, other Sanctions could include the following:

- Suspension from ICSW for a period of between one nine semesters (that is, up to three academic years).
- Delay in the conferral of degree for a period of between one nine (that is, up to three academic years) this Sanction is only available for students in their final quarter at ICSW.
- iii. Probation with a Suspended Suspension period of one or two semesters time away from ICSW is not immediately imposed but should the Respondent face any other disciplinary matter at ICSW that decision- making body would be informed in the Sanction phase that the student was on probation, would consider the probation as an aggravating factor in setting discipline, and would minimally impose the suspended suspension period as an actual suspension.
- iv. Probation Should the Respondent face any other disciplinary matter at ICSW that decision-making body would be informed in the Sanction phase that the student was on probation and would consider the probation as an aggravating factor in imposing discipline.
- v. Required personalized education or coaching.
- vi. Community service hours.

#### b. For Faculty

Beyond termination, other Sanctions include the following:

- **i.** Suspension for a period of time.
- **ii.** Denying a pay raise for a period of time.

- iii. Denying the opportunity to hold committee or community roles, such as serving as a Resident Fellow or Department Chair.
- iv. Denying the opportunity for promotion.
- v. Letter in personnel file.
- vi. Public or private censure.
- vii. Required personalized education or coaching.
- c. For Staff

Beyond termination, other Sanctions include the following:

- **i.** Suspension for a period of time.
- ii. Denying a pay raise for a period of time.
- **iii.** Denying the opportunity to hold committee or community roles, such as serving as a Resident Fellow or Department Chair.
- iv. Denying the opportunity for promotion.
- v. Written warning in personnel file.
- vi. Required personalized education or coaching.

# APPENDIX C: TIMEFRAMES FOR TITLE IX PROCEDURE

ICSW will strive to complete this Title IX Procedure in a prompt manner. Generally, ICSW will seek to complete a Hearing within 120 calendar days from the filing of a Formal Complaint. This 120-day guideline is based on the specific timeframes for each phase of the Title IX Procedure as set forth below, and accounts for unavoidable and reasonable delays, such as ICSW breaks (when Parties and/or Witnesses may be unavailable) and extensions to the Parties granted for good cause. In addition, the Title IX regulations require that the Parties have two 10-day periods to review the evidence and respond to the Investigative Report, which necessarily extend the total time for resolution of a matter under this Title IX Procedure. In any event, ICSW will not compromise a thorough and fair process in order to meet the 120-day timeframe from the filing of a Formal Complaint to a Hearing outcome. If any Party chooses to appeal the Hearing outcome, the timeframes below provide for an additional 30-day period to submit, respond to, and decide the appeal. If any deadline under the guidelines set forth below falls on a weekend or holiday, there will be an automatic extension to the next business day.

After receiving a Written Notice of Formal Complaint, both the Complainant and the Respondent will be asked to identify any academic or other significant conflicts that would affect the timing of the Investigation and potential. The Hearing Coordinator will consider this input in finalizing any Hearing Schedule.

If the Parties elect to engage in an Informal Resolution, the timeframes below will be suspended during the pendency of that process.

Extensions are only granted for good cause. A request for an extension must be made, in writing and with reasons provided, to the Hearing Coordinator. The Hearing Coordinator will endeavor to respond to an extension request promptly, in writing, ideally within 24 hours.

The timeframe guidelines for each phase of the Title IX Procedure after the filing of a Formal Complaint are as follows:

- 1. The Title IX Coordinator will endeavor to determine whether to proceed with a Written Notice of Formal Complaint within **5 calendar days** of receiving a Formal Complaint signed by the Complainant. In the situation where the Complainant declines to file a Formal Complaint, and the Title IX Coordinator determines that proceeding over the wishes of the Complainant is not clearly unreasonable in light of the known circumstances, the Title IX Coordinator will sign the Formal Complaint and issue the Written Notice of Formal Complaint within **5 calendar days** of that determination.
- 2. The Investigator will endeavor to complete the Investigation within 1 calendar month of the date the Written Notice of Formal Complaint is sent to the Parties. Both Parties have the opportunity to present evidence and identify Witnesses during this timeframe. This timeframe may be extended in complex matters or matters with multiple Witnesses to give the Investigator enough time to gather relevant evidence and schedule Witness interviews.
- **3.** As required by the Title IX regulations, after the Investigator has concluded the collection of evidence, the Parties will be given **10 calendar days** to review the evidence and provide a response.
- 4. After the Investigator has received the Parties' response to the evidence, the Title IX Coordinator will endeavor to send the Investigative Report to the Parties within 14 calendar days. This timeframe may be extended, however, if the Parties' responses identify new sources of evidence that require additional Investigation.
- **5.** As required by the Title IX regulations, the Parties will be given **10 calendar days** to review and provide a response to the Investigative Report.
- 6. The Title IX Coordinator will endeavor to issue either a Notice of Dismissal or Notice of Charge within **10 calendar days** of receipt of the Parties' responses to the Investigative Report.
- **7.** Within **7 calendar days** of the issuance of a Notice of Charge, the Hearing Coordinator will:
  - a. Make the Initial Hearing File available to the Parties;
  - **b.** Identify the Adjudicator to the Parties and give the Parties the opportunity to object to the Adjudicator on the basis of a conflict of interest, as set forth in Section IV.J.4. If either Party objects to the Adjudicator, the timeframe for the Hearing Schedule will be delayed until the alleged conflict of interest can be reviewed and a new Adjudicator identified and

agreed to, if necessary; and

- **c.** Reach out to all Parties, Witnesses, and the Adjudicator to coordinate the Hearing Schedule. The scheduling of the Hearing will be determined by the availability of the Parties, Witnesses, the Parties' Hearing Support Persons, and the Adjudicator.
- **8.** Within **5 calendar days** of the creation of the Hearing File, the Parties may submit a response to the Hearing File (as set forth in Section IV.I.3.) and any objections to the Hearing file (as set forth in Section IV.1.2.). Any objections to the Hearing File will be resolved by the Adjudicator at the outset of the Hearing.
- **9.** At the conclusion of the Hearing, the Adjudicator may ask the Parties to submit additional materials or Sanctions statements. The Adjudicator will endeavor to issue the Written Determination Regarding Responsibility within **10 calendar days** of receipt of those materials by the Parties or within **10 calendar days** of the conclusion of the Hearing if no additional materials are requested.
- Any Party wishing to appeal the Written Determination Regarding Responsibility must do so within 10 calendar days of the issuance of the Written Determination Regarding Responsibility. The other Party will have 10 calendar days to respond to an appeal.
  The Appeal Officer will endeavor to issue an Appeal Outcome within 10calendar days after any response to an appeal is received

# **EMPLOYEES WITH DISABILITIES**

ICSW is committed to complying with applicable statutes protecting employees and applicants with disabilities to ensure equal opportunity in employment for qualified persons with disabilities. Consistent with this policy of nondiscrimination, ICSW will provide reasonable accommodations to a qualified individual with a disability, as defined by the applicable law, who has made the Institute aware of his or her disability, provided that such accommodation does not constitute an undue hardship on the Institute.

Employees or applicants who are disabled and who believe they need a reasonable accommodation to perform the essential functions of their job, should make an accommodation request to the VP of Finance and Operations. ICSW encourages individuals with disabilities to come forward and request reasonable accommodation.

# **ATTENDANCE POLICIES**

### **Work Hours and Schedules**

Normal working hours at ICSW are 9:00am to 5:00pm, Monday through Friday. All employees are entitled to one hour for lunch. Some positions at ICSW work a flexible schedule to accommodate the needs of our students when classes are in session. Four times a year, ICSW hosts On-site weekends which may require the presence of employees on those Saturdays. Occasional other weekend days may be required based on the needs of the school.

### Attendance

Reliable attendance and punctuality is viewed as a critical aspect of your job. Employees are expected to be present and ready to work at their designated time. If you are absent or late, you place an extra burden on fellow employees. If a situation arises which makes it impossible to report for work, you are expected to notify your supervisor at least one hour in advance of your reporting time. Please explain the reason for your absence and when you expect to return to work. Leaving such messages with fellow employees is not acceptable and is not considered proper notice of any absence. Absences of more than one day must be reported daily unless other arrangements have been made with management. In cases of illness or disability, a doctor's statement may be requested after repeated or extended absences. Any employee who fails to report without calling in (as outlined above) for three consecutive days, may be removed from the payroll as a "voluntary quit" and will not be eligible for rehire.

# **Tardiness/Leaving Early**

Being at work on time and ready to work is considered a necessary part of good attendance. Tardiness will not be tolerated. If unusual circumstances cause you to be late, immediately contact your supervisor and notify them of your delay. If you are unable to work your hours as scheduled, you must confirm arrangements with your supervisor.

ICSW will consider an employee's attendance in making decisions regarding salary, promotion, etc. Persistent absenteeism or lateness may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment

#### **Pay Periods**

Employees are paid every other Friday. Paychecks will cover the monies earned from the date of the last paycheck through the date of the paycheck issued. Employees are required to enroll in direct deposit.

### **Payroll Deductions**

All employees are subject to withholding of federal and state taxes as required by law. Medicare Hospital Insurance and Social Security taxes will also be deducted. You may choose to have a number of amounts withheld from your paycheck by submitting an authorization form to the Bookkeeper

### Garnishment

If ICSW receives a court order to garnish your wages, the Institute must comply with that order. A garnishment will reduce your take-home pay. If you have questions about your paycheck, contact the Bookkeeper.

#### **Holidays**

During the year, The Institute will be closed in observance of the following holidays:

Juneteenth	July 4th	Labor Day	Thanksgiving Break (Wed-Fri)
Winter Break	MLK Day	Spring Break	Memorial Day

The Institute may be closed on any other holiday or days before/after holidays at the discretion of the President.

# **Paid Time Off**

All full-time regular staff shall be entitled to 20 working days paid time off (PTO) per calendar year. Paid time off shall be scheduled so as to serve the mutual convenience of the staff members and the Institute. Whenever possible, paid time off will be granted to you at the time requested. However, ICSW reserves the right to change paid time off schedules in its sole discretion to ensure the orderly operation of the Institute. All requests for time off shall be made in writing to your supervisor and must be approved by the President. Part time regular staff will have paid time off days prorated on the basis of the employee's hours. An employee may carry over a maximum of 5 unused days from one calendar year to the next. Employees who have been with ICSW for 5 years will earn an additional day of paid time off for each year that the employee has worked beyond the fourth year. The time off will accumulate at a rate of 1/12 of each employee's annual allowance on the 15<sup>th</sup> of each month. Upon separation, any unused PTO balance that the employee has accumulated will be paid out at the employee's current daily rate of pay on their final paycheck.

# Sick Time Off

All full-time regular staff shall be entitled to up to 12 paid sick days per calendar year. The time off will accumulate at a rate of 1/12 day per month on the 15<sup>th</sup> of each month. An employee may carry over a maximum of 5 unused days from one calendar year to the next.

# **Reporting Time Off**

ICSW utilizes ADP for payroll management and as such requires employees to log their time electronically in WorkForceNow, which can be accessed at <u>https://workforcenow.adp.com</u>.

Employees are required to submit time off request to their immediate supervisors seven days prior to a scheduled day off utilizing PTO and within one business day after being out on sick time.

# Remote Work Policy Introduction

The ICSW President uses Federal, State and Local guidelines in place to set the general work schedule for the staff. The schedule will change over time. The range of options include working fully remote, a hybrid model of remote and on-campus and fully on-campus.

Remote work is a voluntary work alternative that is appropriate for some employees and some jobs but not all employees and all positions. No ICSW employee is entitled to or guaranteed the opportunity to work remotely. Certain categories of positions are ineligible for remote work. For positions eligible for remote work, whether a particular employee may be approved for remote work is a decision made on a case-by-case basis taking into consideration an evaluation of the likelihood of the employee succeeding in a remote work arrangement and an evaluation of the supervisor's ability to manage remote workers. Remote work arrangements most commonly are for partial remote work, for example one or two days per week.

Employees approved for a remote work agreement perform essentially the same work that they would in the central workplace in accordance with their same performance expectations and other agreed-upon terms. Remote work agreements may be established for a long-term or short-term period. An employee's classification, compensation, and benefits will not change if the employee is approved for remote work.

#### **Work Area**

The employee must establish an appropriate and safe work remote work environment. Employees working remotely are expected to ensure the needs for information security are met and that ICSW property and data is secured as well as it would be when working at their regular ICSW location. The College assumes no responsibility for the remote worker's expenses for the space used. ICSW does not provide advice or assistance determining the tax-deductibility of home offices for employees.

#### Equipment

Each full-time ICSW employee is issued an ICSW device to be able to work remotely. All employees are also provided a workspace on campus. The employee and department will work together to determine whether an employee has the appropriate equipment and access necessary to perform the job remotely. Generally remote workers will be authorized to use ICSW equipment (laptops, monitors,

computer, etc.) in their remote work area. ICSW reserves the right to require that employees working remotely use ICSW supplied computers.

# **Work Schedule**

The staff are expected to work the same schedule remotely that they do on-campus, generally, 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m. unless otherwise approved in writing by the president.

# **Remote Meeting Expectations**

During meetings held via Zoom or other video-conferencing modalities, employees are expected to follow best practices, including, but not limited to having their camera on and following ICSW's Zoom etiquette as follows:

#### Zoom Etiquette

- Please mute your mic if not speaking.
- Please unmute your mic to speak and fully engage.

#### For the best experience:

- Please have your camera on.
- Utilize Speaker View during presentations.
- > Utilize Gallery View for large group discussions.

# **Management and Evaluation**

Supervisors are responsible for managing remote work arrangements to ensure that departmental needs are met and all work is accomplished at or above existing levels. Supervisors shall maintain regular and necessary communications with remote workers and include them as appropriate in meetings and other interactions.

# **Term of Work Remote Participation**

Remote work assignments are not permanent. Any decision to allow employees to work remotely and the length of remote work is at the discretion of the ICSW President. ICSW has the right to terminate or redesign a remote work arrangement at any time at the discretion of the ICSW President. Where practicable, a minimum of two business weeks should be given before a remote work arrangement is terminated.

# Family Leave Medical Act (FMLA) Leave Entitlement

You may have a right to take leave under the Federal Family and Medical Leave Act ("FMLA") and if you have at least 12 months of service with ICSW. FMLA allows for a 12-week leave in a 12-month period for any of the following reasons:

- Incapacity due to pregnancy, prenatal medical care or child birth;
- To care for your child after birth, or placement for adoption or foster care;
- To care for your child, parent, spouse, or domestic partner who has a serious health condition;
- Your own serious health condition; or
- Qualifying exigencies arising out of the fact that your child, parent, spouse, or domestic partner is on active duty or called to active duty status as a member of the National Guard or Reserves in support of a contingency operation (e.g., addressing certain financial and legal arrangements, arranging for alternative childcare, etc.).

You may also have a right to take special leave under FMLA for up to 26 weeks during a single 12-month period to care for a child, parent, spouse, or domestic partner who is a current member of the Armed Forces (including a member of the National Guard or Reserves) who has a serious injury or illness incurred in the line of duty while on active duty.

#### **Requirements**

If you need to take FMLA leave, you must complete the required forms, which are available from the VPFO. If the need for the leave is foreseeable, you must request such leave in writing at least 30 days in advance. If the FMLA leave is for your own serious health condition or that of an immediate family member, you must provide a doctor's certification of your need for the leave. If you do not apply for FMLA leave, but you take leave for reasons that qualify for FMLA leave, your department may designate your leave as FMLA leave and count the time against your entitlement. Leave can be taken intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule when medically necessary or to address a qualifying exigency arising out of the fact that a family member is a member of the National Guard or Reserves on active duty or call to active duty status as described above. If you request intermittent leave, you must meet with your supervisor or other designated individuals in your department to work out a schedule and to discuss other issues related to your request. You may be temporarily reassigned during the period of your intermittent leave.

# **Pay During Family and Medical Leave**

FMLA leave is unpaid; however, depending on the reason for the leave, you may use your unused paid leave time in order to receive pay during your leave. Under certain circumstances, you may be required to use accrued paid time off during a FMLA leave. Staff are allowed to "gift" sick/vacation days to other staff to help cover the unpaid portion of FMLA leave. A written request must be submitted to the VPFO detailing the number sick/vacation days and the VPFO will make the change in ADP.

Eligible employees may continue healthcare coverage during approved leaves of absence, but may be required to make healthcare insurance premium payments directly to ICSW while on leave, depending on the nature and duration of the leave. A leave of absence is not a qualifying event, so benefit elections cannot be changed due to a leave. Failure to make premium payments on time will result in termination of health coverage. Employees whose coverage is terminated for failure to pay must wait to re-enroll during annual Open Enrollment for coverage at the start of the next plan year.

# Continuation of Coverage under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act ("COBRA")

COBRA offers employees and their covered dependents the opportunity to elect a temporary extension of healthcare coverage in certain situations that would otherwise result in the loss of coverage. COBRA qualifying events for employees include termination of employment or a reduction in hours resulting in loss of eligibility for coverage. Qualifying events for dependents include loss of coverage due to divorce and legal separation, or when a child loses dependent eligibility status. The cost of continued coverage under COBRA is paid entirely by the employee and/or dependent at a rate of 100% of the total cost of the applicable plan(s).

#### **Jury Duty**

Whenever a regular salaried employee is called to serve on a jury, that person's salary will continue during the first thirty (30) days the employee is required to serve. Additional salary continuation is at the discretion of the President.

#### **Bereavement Leave**

In the unfortunate event of a death in the family, including, pregnancy loss, failed adoptions or surrogacy agreements, unsuccessful reproductive procedures, and other diagnoses or events negatively impacting pregnancy or fertility, ICSW allows up to 3 paid workdays off to attend to funeral activities. Up to 7 additional workdays may be taken unpaid or paid if an employee chooses to utilize paid time off.

# **STANDARDS OF EMPLOYEE CONDUCT**

The following rules are intended to serve as guidelines for the conduct of employees. This list is not intended to be all-inclusive. Disciplinary action for misconduct can range from verbal warnings to termination.

Note: ICSW reserves the right, in its sole discretion, to take any disciplinary action that is deemed necessary at any time. Discipline may include, but is not limited to, counseling, suspension, demotion, or termination.

# Specific Acts That May Lead to Immediate Discipline

The following may lead to immediate termination:

- Deliberately falsifying records or material requisitions including timesheets
- Insubordination
- Sabotage
- Theft
- Harassment or discrimination of any kind
- Reporting to work under the influence of alcohol or illegal substances
- Willful abuse of property of ICSW, a visitor, or any other person
- Improperly discussing or disclosing of confidential information
- Unauthorized removal, damage, use or possession of ICSW records or information
- Gross neglect of duty
- Engaging in gainful employment during a leave of absence, without written approval of ICSW
- Sleeping on the job
- Possession of firearms or other illegal weapons on Institute premises

The following can lead to disciplinary action up to and including termination:

- Leaving early without informing your supervisor
- Violations of safety rules
- Fighting of any type
- Unexcused absences

Failure to follow any ICSW rule, regulation, or job requirement can lead to disciplinary actions from counseling with your supervisor to termination. This includes, but is not limited to:

- Failing to attend scheduled meetings
- Stopping work before a specified time
- Unsatisfactory work
- Unacceptable attendance, including excessive tardiness or absenteeism
- Unauthorized use of telephones, email, or internet
- Violation of provisions contained in this Handbook

# **OFFICE POLICIES AND PROCEDURES**

#### Dress

Appropriate clothing is required at ICSW. Employees are expected to wear business casual attire.

Business Casual Attire is defined as:

- Men: Collared shirt (including turtleneck) and slacks (no dress denim).
- Women: Slacks or skirt with blouse or sweater.

Prohibited Attire: The following are NOT considered Casual Attire and are specifically PROHIBITED

- T-shirts or sweatshirts
- Trading jacket and other work clothes/uniform
- Sweat suit and other athletic attire
- Jean jacket, overalls, or cutoffs
- Any torn or tattered garment
- Head covering
- Jeans

#### Communication

Employees are expected to be professional in all their communications. Employees are expected to respond daily, on work days, to all phone messages or email communications.

#### **Employee Benefits**

The Institute offers certain health and other benefits to its eligible employees. These benefits include employer paid insurance premiums (employee only), matching 401(K) contributions, up to 5% of pay and a generous time off policy, to name a few. For more information on these benefits, contact the VP of Finance and Operations. ICSW reserves the right to amend, interpret, modify, or terminate any of its employee benefits programs without prior notice and at any time.

#### Safe Workplace Policy

The Institute is committed to providing a safe and healthy work environment for all employees and visitors. ICSW complies with relevant occupational health and safety laws with the goal of minimizing exposure to health or safety risks. The Institute appreciates employee participation in maintaining safe

and healthy working conditions and adhering to practices and procedures designed to prevent injury and illness. Employee participation in this regard includes:

- Exercising maximum care and good judgement at all times to prevent accidents and injuries
- Reporting to a manager and seeking first aid for all injuries, regardless of how minor;
- Reporting suspected unsafe conditions, equipment or practices to a supervisor; and
- Observing conscientiously all safety rules and regulations at all time.
- ICSW is a non-smoking workplace.

ICSW is committed to maintaining a workplace free from violence and threats of violence, and will not tolerate any acts or threats of violence in the workplace. Any act or threat of violence in the workplace is strictly prohibited and should be reported immediately. "Violence" includes both acts and threats of violence. For example, violence includes any conduct, verbal or physical, which causes another to reasonably fear for his or her own personal safety or that of his or her family, friends, associates, or property. Employees are also prohibited from possessing, storing or having control of any weapon on the job. Failure to comply with these policies may result in employee discipline up to and including termination as well as criminal prosecution.

All employees are responsible for reporting any acts of intimidation, threats of violence or acts of violence to the VP of Finance and Operations or the President. Supervisors are responsible for documenting and reporting all observed or reported incidents of workplace violence.

#### **Personnel Records**

ICSW regards personal information about employees as confidential. Our policy is that your personnel records are open for your inspection at any time. You may make arrangements to see your personnel records by contacting the VP of Finance and Operations.

#### **Employment Verification**

All requests for employment verification about current and former employees are to be referred to the VP of Finance and Operation, The information provided will be limited to position/title, dates of employment, and confirmation of compensation range (if requested).

#### **ICSW Information**

We must protect the Institute's confidential information. ICSW's confidential information and much of its internal information are valuable assets. Protection of this information, including maintaining its secrecy, plays a vital role in our continued growth and ability to compete. The Institute's confidential information should never be transmitted or forwarded to outside individuals not authorized to receive the information.

Any employee who, without proper authorization, publishes, discloses, or otherwise uses confidential information of ICSW may be subject to legal and disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment, even if he or she does not actually benefit from his or her actions. If you are unsure as to whether certain information constitutes confidential information, it is your responsibility to obtain a determination from the President regarding the status of the information and its use. Upon termination of your employment, all ICSW property, including but not limited to confidential information must be returned to ICSW.

# Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)

ICSW follows all regulations designated by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). FERPA provides that educational agencies and institutions that receive U.S. Department of Education funds may not have a policy or practice of denying parents and eligible students of the right to:

- Inspect and review education records within 45 days of a request
- Seek to amend education records believed to be inaccurate; and
- Consent to the disclosure of personally identifiable information from education records, except as specified by law.

Educational agencies and institutions also must annually notify parents and eligible students of their rights under FERPA. They must also notify parents and eligible students of the educational agencies' or institutions' directory information policy, if they have one. Educational agencies and institutions must comply with FERPA's recordation and redisclosure provisions and other provisions under FERPA. If you have any questions about whether or not a communication or action follows FERPA's rules, please contact the President.

# **Conflicts of Interest/Hiring of Relatives**

It is the basic policy of ICSW to guard against any conflicts of interest or the appearance of any conflicts of interest in the operation and management of the Institute. As a result, except with the consent of the Board of Trustees, no person will be employed that is a member of the family of any member of the Board of Trustees or an employee of the Institute. For purposes of definition, the term "family" will mean, where applicable, wife, husband, son, daughter, mother, father, brother, sister, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, father-in-law, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, step parent, step child, and any co-residents with any other persons above.

No staff person shall be a member of the Board of Trustees and concurrently occupy a position on the staff. Before offering a position to a Board member, if less than one year has elapsed since retirement or resignation from the Board of Trustees, the President must receive approval from the Board of Trustees. The same procedure will be followed if a member of the family of a Board member is considered for a position on the staff. No two people of the same family may be hired into positions in which one could determine for the other their evaluation, promotion, or remuneration.

Employees are to maintain a high standard of ethical business practices in all Institute operations. Activities, actions, or business interests which jeopardize or overlap the interests of ICSW are a basis for conflict and are prohibited. To avoid any potential conflicts of interests, employees are prohibited from engaging in any outside activities or employment which may materially interfere with the effective performance of ICSW responsibilities or which clearly are not compatible with the Institute's best interests. The VP of Finance and Operations should be notified immediately of any potential conflicts of interest. Any violation of this policy will subject an employee to disciplinary action, up to and including immediate termination.

# **Drug-Free Workplace**

You may not manufacture, distribute, dispense, possess, use, or be under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs in workplace. This prohibition includes prescription drugs used improperly (e.g., those not prescribed for the user). Any violation of this policy may be grounds for discipline up to and including dismissal.

# **Use of ICSW Property for Business Purposes Only**

The Institute's resources are intended for business use only. Although the Institute permits occasional personal use of these resources, personal use should be kept to a minimum. ICSW resources include, but are not limited to, facilities, equipment, devices, telephones, computers, copier, fax machine, email, internet access, supplies, and any time for which you are receiving compensation from ICSW. Inappropriate uses of ICSW resources include, but are not limited to: online gambling; viewing sports events online; playing games, streaming video or music on a work computer; viewing or distributing materials that are not related to Institute business or that are sexually explicit; and frequent talking on a personal cell phone or texting during work hours. Your use of the internet may be monitored by the administration as necessary at any time. This may include monitoring the amount of time you spend on the Internet, the Internet websites you visit and/or the content of the information you send, receive and view using the internet. Monitoring may occur either routinely or as a result of a concern that you may be using the Internet inappropriately, and may occur at any time and without warning or notice. Further, the Institute's email system may only be used for authorized official communications. ICSW may also monitor your email usage at any time and without warning or notice. Inappropriate use of Institute resources may result in discipline, up to and including termination of employment.

### **Work Site Security**

To prevent and discourage unauthorized access to your work site, do not leave your office area unattended. Do not prop open doors or windows that are normally kept locked. Lock all office doors after business hours or when you leave. Prevent and discourage theft by securing your valuables. Worksite keys and passes may not be shared, may not be duplicated without permission and must be returned upon separation. Passwords exist for the protection of ICSW documents and information. You are required to provide your computer password to your supervisor or other person designated by your department. You may not share your password with any unauthorized persons. Because ICSW computers may be accessed by other authorized users, do not store on your work computer any information you do not intend to share with others. The use of unauthorized programs and copies of commercial software packages is prohibited. Computer programs utilized by the Institute may not be duplicated or altered for personal use. Do not use computers, printers or information systems for personal business or entertainment. Computer documents and emails may be automatically saved in the Institute's archives in order to ensure compliance with applicable state and local laws regarding records retention and public disclosure. Emails and documents on ICSW computers are not private and employees should not transmit or store any email or documents on Institute computers that they wish to keep private.

#### Gifts

You may not accept any gift that is intended to influence you in the performance of your job. You may not solicit or accept any gift from any person or entity who has a contract with your department or who has attempted to influence you in a governmental decision during the past 12 months. You may not solicit or accept any gifts from any subordinate, or any candidate or applicant for a position as an employee or subordinate to you.

# **Employee Protection (Whistleblower) Policy**

If any employee reasonably believes that some policy, practice, or activity of ICSW is in violation of law of ICSW policy, a written complaint should be filed by that employee with the President or the Board Chairman.

It is the intent of ICSW to adhere to all laws and regulations that apply to the organization, and the purpose of this policy is to support the organization's goal of legal compliance. The support of all employees is necessary to achieving compliance with various laws and regulations. An employee is protected from retaliation if the employee brings the alleged unlawful activity, policy, or practice to the attention of ICSW and provides ICSW with a reasonable opportunity to investigate and correct the alleged unlawful activity.

ICSW will not retaliate against an employee who, in good faith, has made a protest or raised a complaint against some practice of ICSW, or of another individual or entity with whom ICSW has a business relationship, on the basis of a reasonable belief that the practice is in violation of law or a clear mandate of public policy or ICSW policy.

ICSW will not retaliate against an employee who discloses or threatens to disclose to a supervisor or a public body any activity, policy, or practice of ICSW that the employee reasonably believes is in violation of a law, or a rule, or regulation mandated pursuant to law or is in violation of a clear mandate of public policy concerning the health, safety, welfare, or protection of the environment.

# FREE EXPRESSION AND THE FREE EXCHANGE OF IDEAS POLICY

ICSW is committed to protect and enhance the free exchange of ideas, the right to free expression at ICSW, subject to limitations on unlawful/unprotected speech and to clearly stated, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory rules regarding time, place, and manner. All persons on the ICSW campus, including members of the ICSW community and visitors or guests, are protected by and subject to freedom of speech laws and this policy. In permitting the exercise of free speech, ICSW does not sponsor or sanction the messages stated or the methods of speech used, unless expressly stated otherwise.

#### I. ICSW General Policy and Scope of the Policy

Free expression and the free exchange of ideas are central to the goals of a teaching institution, and certainly central to ICSW's core mission. As such, ICSW is committed to protecting and enhancing the free exchange of ideas, including artistic expression, subject to limitations on unlawful/unprotected speech and also to clearly stated, reasonable, and nondiscriminatory rules regarding time, place, and manner (as described in Section II below). All persons on the ICSW campus, including members of the ICSW community and visitors or guests, are protected by and subject to this policy as further set forth below. In permitting the exercise of free expression, ICSW does not sponsor or sanction the messages stated or the methods of speech used, unless expressly stated otherwise.

This policy applies to the free exchange of ideas in the classroom. Discussion and expression of all views relevant to the subject matter of a class, even if those views are unpopular, are recognized as central to the educational process. Faculty will evaluate students solely on academic bases reasonably related to legitimate pedagogical concerns, and not on student opinions or conduct unrelated to the academic standards of a course. A faculty member also enjoys the right to exercise free expression in his or her capacity as a citizen, and ICSW will not review such expressions of ideas or viewpoints except in the rare circumstance in which such communications seriously undermine the faculty member's fitness to serve the ICSW community.

#### II. <u>Limitations</u>

Nothing in this policy shall be construed as protecting, authorizing, or condoning the following unlawful or otherwise unprotected speech: (a) obscenity; (b) child pornography; (c) defamation; (d) speech that by its very utterance tends to incite an immediate breach of the peace by the hearer; (e) speech that incites or produces imminent lawless action and that is likely to incite or produce such action; (f) speech that creates a hostile environment within the meaning of Title IX of the Educational Amendments of 1972, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, or other applicable civil or human rights laws; (g) speech that substantially disrupts, obstructs, or interferes with classes, teaching, the use of offices, or other activities related to teaching, administration, or operations of ICSW; (h) speech that damages ICSW or the private property of any other entity or individual; or (i) speech that discloses the confidential, private, or proprietary information of ICSW or others without appropriate authorization.

In addition, faculty members have the right to limit classroom discussion and topics of discussion to those deemed reasonably related to the subject matter of the class. Student rights to free expression

do not include impinging on the ability of instructors to teach or the rights of other students to learn, and neither faculty members nor ICSW will permit interference with or disruption of classes.

Students or employees who violate this policy or its referenced procedures are subject to ICSW discipline, up to and including dismissal from the institution or employment. All persons who violate this policy may also be directed to leave campus, may be barred from campus, and may be subject to criminal trespass laws in the event of failure to comply.

# III. Relationship of Free Expression to Academic Freedom.

In addition to promoting free expression, ICSW recognizes the distinct right to academic freedom enjoyed by ICSW faculty. Academic freedom describes a set of rights relating to teaching, research, and speech undertaken as a private citizen. The parameters of ICSW's Academic Freedom Policy are described in the Articles of Academic Governance.

For purposes of this Policy, it is important to note that a faculty member enjoys a broad freedom to exercise free expression in his or her capacity as a citizen. ICSW will not review such expressions of ideas or viewpoints except in the rare circumstance in which such expressions or viewpoints seriously undermine the faculty member's fitness to serve the ICSW community. In such circumstances, any such review will be conducted pursuant to, and discipline will be preceded by, appropriate faculty review processes set forth in the Articles of Academic Governance.

# IV. <u>Speakers</u>

Speakers invited or sponsored by ICSW shall be permitted free expression of their opinions and viewpoints to the fullest extent consistent with the Limitations set forth in Section II above. ICSW also deeply values and models respectful and collegial treatment of such presenters, even those who take positions that may be controversial or challenging to the ICSW community. The ability of presenters to speak, and of audiences to hear a presenter speak free from undue disruption and interference, shall therefore be protected.

ICSW reserves the right to determine who will be invited to speak on campus and must approve all invitations to speak at faculty, staff, or student events that occur on campus or under the auspices of ICSW. ICSW also reserves the right to revoke prior invitations, cancel speaking events, remove presenters, or terminate presentations where ICSW has a reasonable concern that the Limitations set forth above will not be observed or that safety and order cannot be maintained.

# V. <u>Gatherings, Protests, and Demonstrations</u>

To facilitate robust debate and the free exchange of ideas, ICSW recognizes that peaceful gatherings, protests and demonstrations are legitimate means of expression and are permitted subject to the following limitations. Specifically, <u>no such gathering</u>, <u>protest</u>, <u>or demonstration</u>:

1) May take place in indoor rooms/areas where quiet or reflection may be expected by those using these rooms/areas;

- 2) Will be permitted if it is violent or if it threatens to turn violent or threatening to the safety and security of ICSW or individuals, in the reasonable opinion of ICSW administrators or law enforcement;
- 3) May disrupt the function of ICSW, interfere with the rights of other members of the ICSW community, or damage ICSW or private property.
- 4) May violate campus or legal limitations regarding unlawful/unprotected speech, as set forth in Section II above;
- 5) May be undertaken without being scheduled in advance and subject to reasonable time, place, and manner restrictions, which prior scheduling is required to ensure lack of disruption of teaching, meetings, or ICSW operations; or
- 6) May be permitted if it does or may violate City ordinances or procedures for outdoor street gatherings.

# VI. Posting of Signs, Notices, Posters, and Banners; Leafletting and Commercial Solicitations

Unless expressly designated for broader use, bulletin boards, easels, and computers maintained by ICSW, and all walls, doors, whiteboards, chalkboards, windows, and other areas within classrooms, are reserved exclusively for official ICSW communications and are not available for posting of general information or speech. Likewise, the ICSW website is reserved for official ICSW communications; except in designated portions of the website or electronic communications that invite comments or interaction, ICSW's website may not be used to post information or engage in speech that does not represent official communications of ICSW.

Messages or slogans of any kind shall not be painted, hung, distributed, or otherwise written on buildings, windows, sidewalks, walls, or other structures or surfaces, or on the personal property of others. Leaflets and commercial solicitations or appeals may only be circulated or distributed, whether in hard-copy form within the Building or through use of ICSW's email system, upon prior written approval by the Dean of Students or Academic Dean.

#### VII. Appeals

Any person seeking to appeal decisions made as a result of this policy, may do so by submitting a written appeal to ICSW within 10 business days of the adverse decision. The appeals committee will be comprised of the President of ICSW, Dean of Academics, and Chief Financial Officer. The written appeal must include the specific reasons for the appeal request. The decision of the Appeals Committee shall be final.

#### VIII. <u>Revisions and Updates to this Policy</u>

ICSW reserves the right to revise or update this Policy to address the changing educational, operational, or compliance needs of ICSW and its campus community. The President in consultation with the faculty will recommend to the Board of Directors changes to the Policy. Any such revisions or updates will take effect as of the date adopted by the Board of Directors, unless otherwise stated by the Board.

# **RECRUITING, HIRING AND TRAINING OF STAFF**

ICSW develops its staffing model for recruitment and hiring based on the identification of strategic needs. Prioritization of staff hiring is being structured on an annual basis and as a regular component of the annual budget planning cycle and resource allocation process linked to the Strategic Plan and Pillars. The staffing plan is a vital component of the ICSW annual planning cycle, presently ICSW is developing a system that prioritizes needs through a collegial, participatory process of a shared governance and seeks input from all ICSW constituents.

As a key component of the hiring and staffing model, staff, administration and Board are committed to a learning environment that is equitable, inclusive and supportive of persons from diverse backgrounds. Our plans for the recruitment of staff include activities that attract more diverse applicant pools to ICSW.

When a position vacancy occurs at ICSW, the following steps are taken in order to recruit and hire the appropriate replacement:

- 1) Review the current job description, revise as needed
- 2) Job description is posted on various job boards (higheredjobs.com, The Chronicle of Higher Education, indeed.com, npo.net etc.)
- 3) A internal community announcement is made in order to invite internal candidates to apply
- 4) Review the application materials and rate candidates per the following:
  - a. Has appropriate related experience and exceeds requirements in job posting
  - b. Has semi-appropriate related experience and meets some of the requirements in job posting
  - c. Neither has related experience nor requirements in job positing
- 5) Bring in 2-3 candidates for a series of interviews
- 6) These interviews occur with various levels of staff including President, Dean, VPFO and other administrative staff
- 7) Administrative team meets to discuss the candidates' qualifications and cultural fit
- 8) Once the candidate is identified, reference checks are made by the VPFO
- 9) If all references check out, Employment offer is made, contingent upon a satisfactory background check being completed.

The following steps take place to train (onboard) incoming staff members:

- 1) The individual supervisors lead the staff member training plan
- 2) There are also key person interviews (KPIs) that occur between the new staff member and other members of the staff that they will work with
- 3) There is consistent check in with the supervisor to see if the training is being grasped by the staff member, if not, retraining (either with supervisor or other staff members) occurs

The following steps take place to review current staff members and provide professional development opportunities an annual basis:

- 1) Annually, supervisors will present the staff with the goals and objectives for ICSW for the coming year. The staff will be invited to add to these goals and objectives
- 2) Based on the organization's goals and objectives (from the strategic plan), each employee will identify 3 or 4 goals for his or her performance for the coming year
- 3) The goals developed by the employee will be reviewed with and approved by his or her supervisor
- 4) All staff members will be invited to share goals with each other in a continuing way so that staff members can know how best to support each other
- 5) Annually, each employee will fill out the self-evaluation portion of the Evaluation Form and submit it to his or her supervisor
- 6) The supervisor will complete the remainder of the Evaluation Form and review the Evaluation with the employee
- 7) Once the Evaluations are complete and signed by both the employee and the supervisor, one copy will be submitted to the staff member and one copy will be placed in the employee's HR file
- 8) The President and VPFO will use the Evaluation Forms to determine what amount, if any, will be awarded to each employee as an increase in compensation
- 9) If a title change is requested by either a supervisor or employee, the following additional steps are required:
  - a. Review of current roles and responsibilities on employee's job description
  - b. Creation of revised roles and responsibilities on employee's new job description
  - c. Supervisor submits analysis of any responsibilities that may be removed and how said responsibilities will be completed going forward:
    - i. Either by current position or shifting to another position
  - d. External Review supervisor needs to gather 2-3 job descriptions from other Universities to use as support for newly titled position
  - e. An ICSW Employee Personnel Change Form must be submitted. The form is located here: <u>ICSW Personnel Change Form</u>

# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I acknowledge receipt of ICSW's Employee Handbook. I understand that:

- 1. It is my responsibility to familiarize myself with and understand all information this Handbook contains;
- This Handbook is neither an employment contract nor an agreement guaranteeing employment and/or the provision of benefits of any kind for any specified period of time;
- 3. The at-will nature of my employment with ICSW cannot be changed except by written agreement between the President and myself.
- 4. ICSW has the right to revise, supplement, or rescind the policies described in this Handbook or to modify or deviate from them at any time without notice, at ICSW's sole discretion;
- 5. Immediately upon the termination of my employment with ICSW, I must return all ICSW-owned property, including, but not limited to, confidential or proprietary business information, computer files, diskette, documents (electronic or otherwise), manuals, computer equipment, computer software, files, money, keys, credit cards, handbooks, notes and all other information or property obtained or used by me in the course of my employment and

6. This acknowledgement must be signed and returned to the Vice President of Finance and Operations within five days of my start date or receipt of the Handbook, whichever is later.

Employee Name (please print)	Employee Signature	Date	

Return one copy to the VP of Finance and Operations and save one copy for your files.